

# The Human Brain Project

## **Co-Executive Directors:**

**Henry Markram, Brain Mind Institute, EPFL, Switzerland**

**Karlheinz Meier, Kirchoff Institute, University of Heidelberg, Germany**

**Richard Frackowiak, Department of Clinical Neurosciences, CHUV, Switzerland**

**Sean Hill**

**Co-Director, Neuroinformatics, Human Brain Project**

**Director, Neuroinformatics, Blue Brain Project**

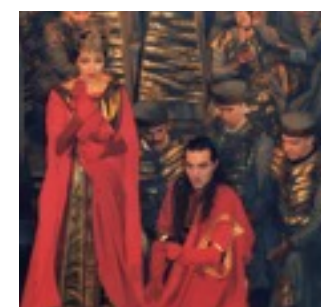
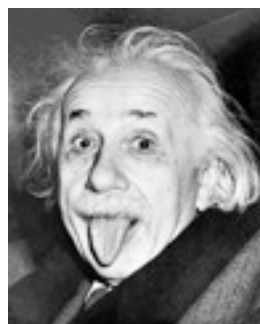
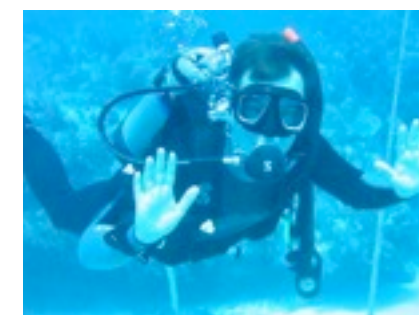
**EPFL, Lausanne, Switzerland**

*Upon this gifted age, in its dark hour,  
Rains from the sky a meteoric shower  
Of facts . . . they lie unquestioned, uncombined.  
Wisdom enough to leech us of our ill  
Is daily spun; but there exists no loom  
To weave it into fabric;*

*Edna St. Vincent Millay, 1939*









## Developmental Disorders

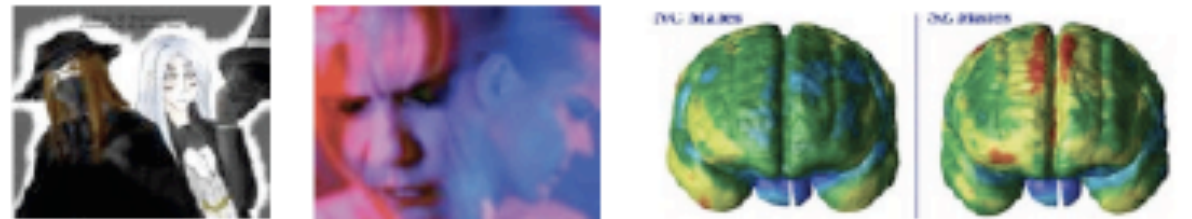
- Autism spectrum disorders
- ADHD
- Learning disorders, conduct disorders
- Strong genetic disorders (Fragile X, Down's etc)

## Adolescent Disorders

- Depression, Suicide
- Eating disorders
- Bipolar disorder
- Conduct disorders and violence
- Borderline syndrome
- Adjustment disorders
- Anxiety, phobias, suicide
- Tourette's syndrome
- Epilepsy

## Adult Disorders

- Schizophrenia
- Epilepsy
- Mood disorders, hysterias, anxieties and phobias
- Obsessive compulsive disorders
- Eating disorders, sexual disorders
- Sleep disorders, stress disorders
- Impulse control disorders
- Substance abuse disorders
- PTSD/TBI



## Aging Disorders

- Depression
- Dementia
- Neurodegenerative disorders
  - Alzheimer's
  - Parkinson's
  - Huntington's
- Memory disorders

**Glutamate**

**Nutrition**

**Dopamine**

**Genes**

**Sugar**

**GABA**

**Myelin**

**Serotonin**

**Metals**

**Dopamine**

**Toxins**

**Acetylcholine**

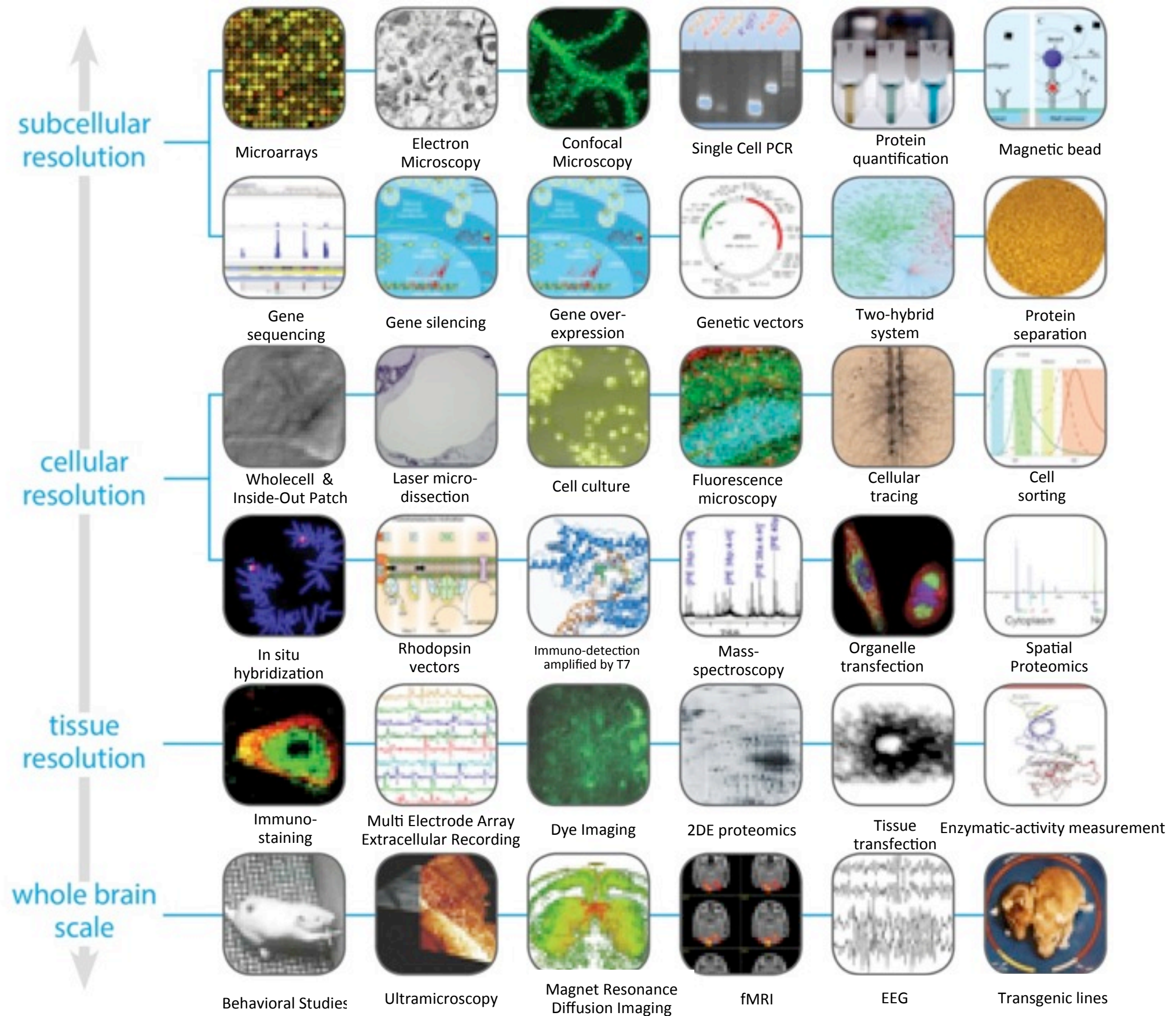
**Protein misfolding**





# HBP

The Human Brain Project



# What is the Human Brain Project?

A 10-year European initiative to launch a global, collaborative effort to **understand the human brain**, enabling advances in neuroscience, medicine and future computing.

One of the two final projects selected for funding as a **FET Flagship** from 2013.

A consortium of **256 researchers** from **146 institutions**, in **24 countries** across Europe, in the US, Japan and China.

Will receive funding of **€1 billion over 10 years** - half provided by the European Commission. Funding provided in phases with regular reviews.



Figure 1: The Human Brain - one of the greatest challenges for 21<sup>st</sup> century science



# What is a FET Flagship?

Future and Emerging Technologies (FET) Flagships are ambitious large-scale, science-driven, research initiatives that aim to achieve a visionary goal.

The scientific advance should provide a strong and broad basis for future technological innovation and economic exploitation in a variety of areas, as well as novel benefits for society.

Objective is to keep Europe competitive and drive technological innovation





Figure 4: From molecules to the body: spatial scales for the brain's different levels of organization span nine orders of magnitude

The Human Brain Project should:

- Lay the technical foundations for a new model of ICT-based brain research
- Drive integration between data and knowledge from different disciplines
- Catalyze a community effort to achieve a new understanding of the brain, new treatments for brain disease and new brain-like computing technologies.

## Neuroscience

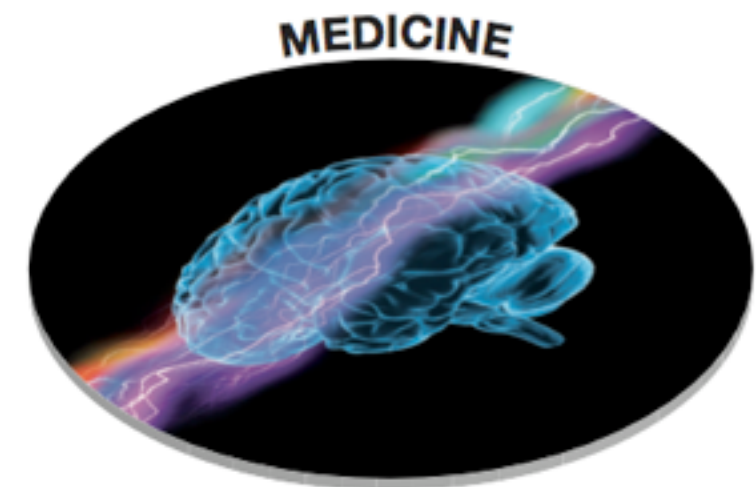
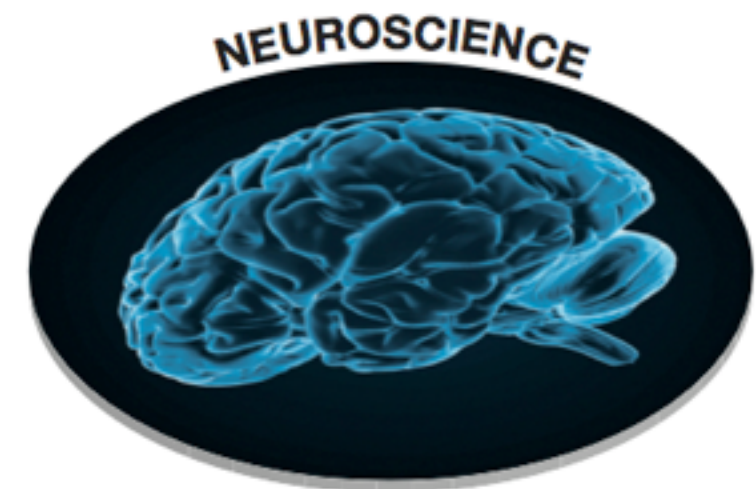
**Integrate** everything we know about the brain into computer models and simulations

## Medicine

Contribute to **understanding, diagnosing and treating** diseases of the brain

## Future Computing

**Learn from the brain** to build the supercomputers of tomorrow

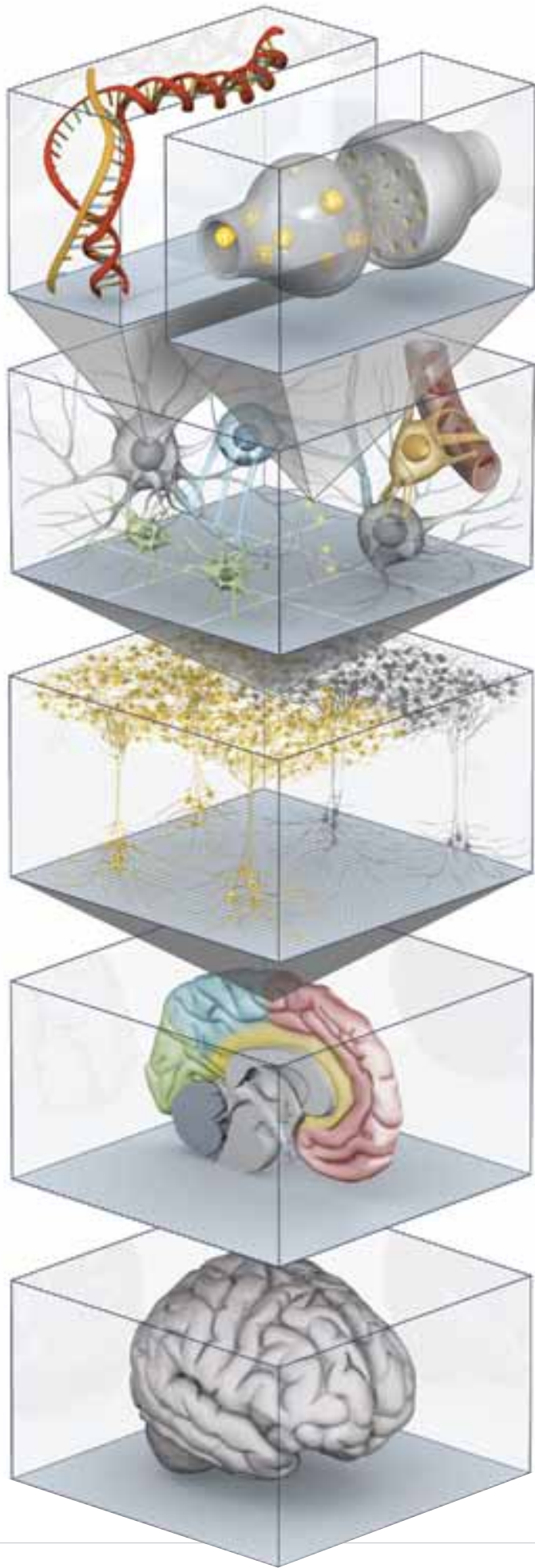


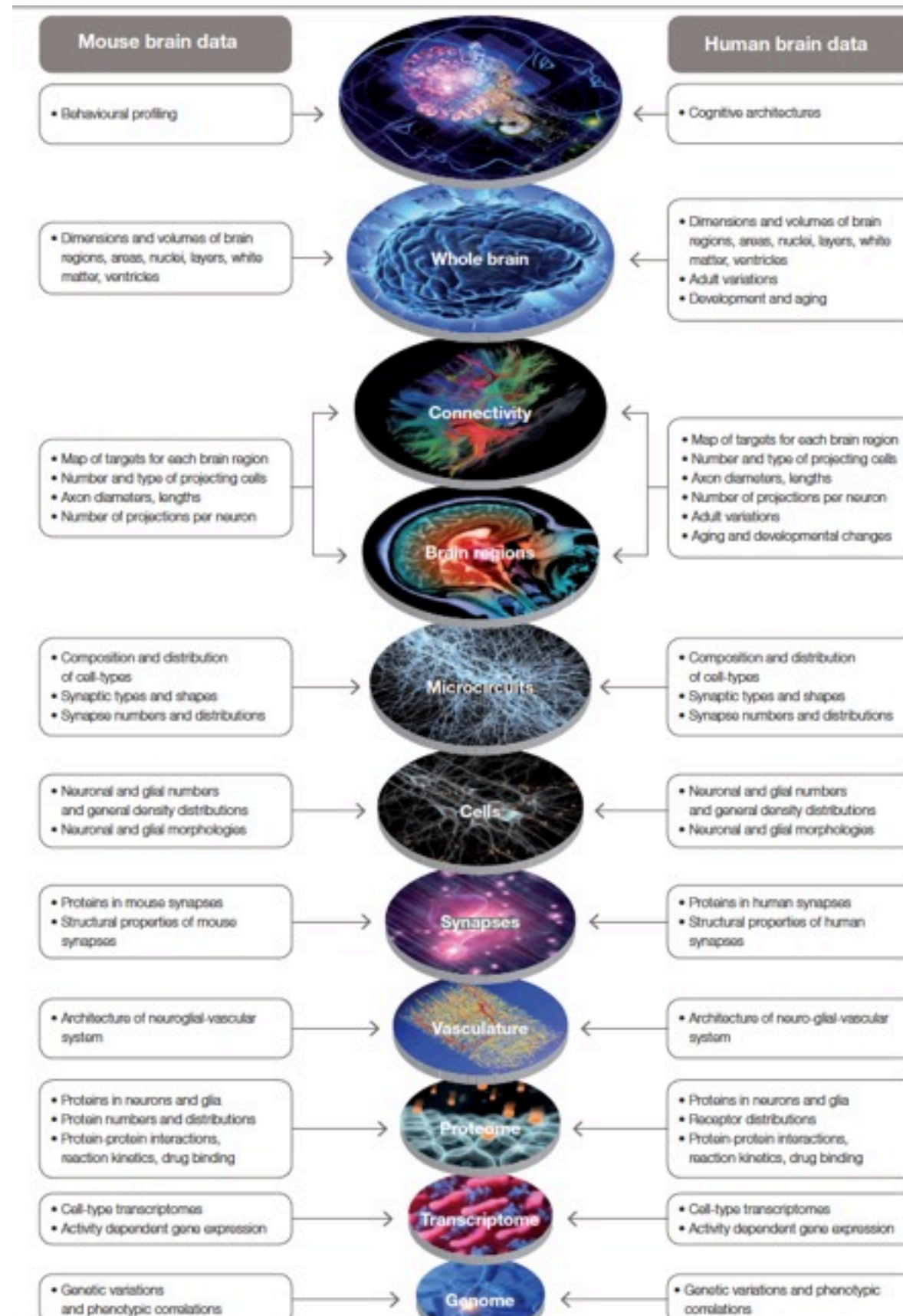




# Data

Generate and interpret strategically selected data needed to build multilevel atlases and unifying models of the brain.





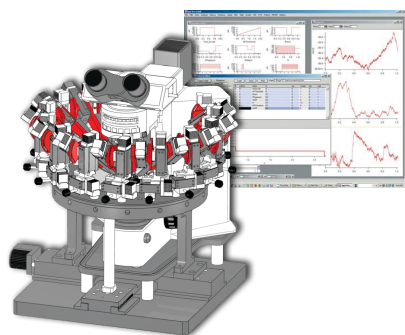
**However,**

**HBP is **NOT** primarily a data **generation** project**

**It **IS** a data **integration** project.**



## Experimental Data Gathering

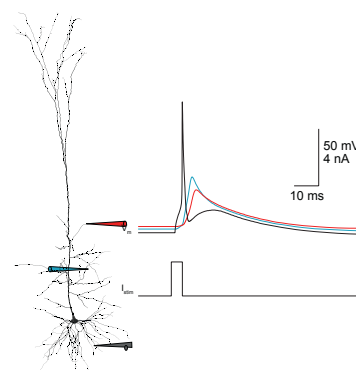
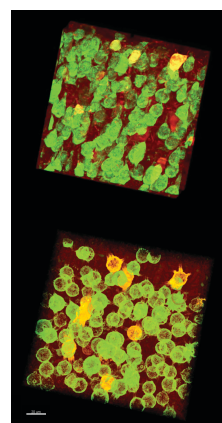
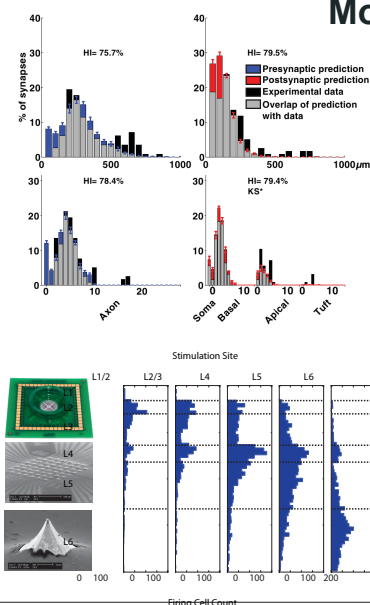


## Worldwide Published Data, Models and Literature

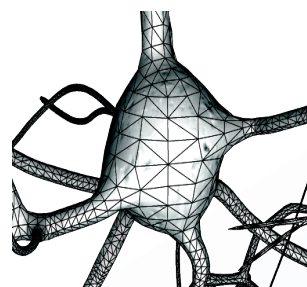


## Refinement of Models and Experiments

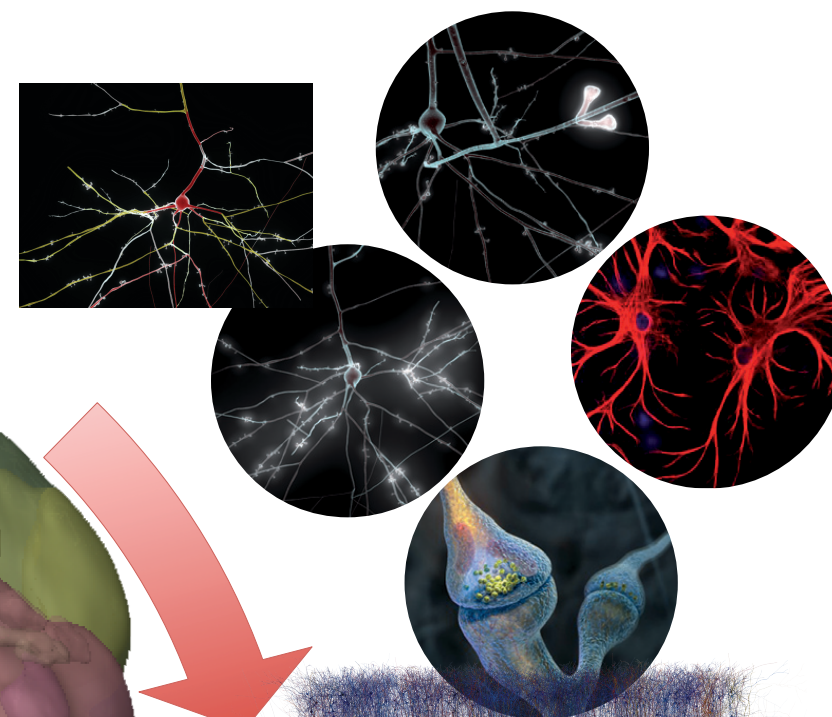
## Model Validation



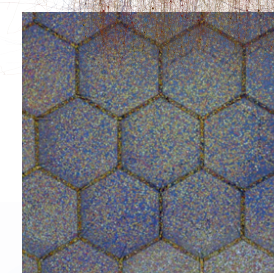
## Analysis and Visualization



## Model Building



## Simulation



## Supercomputing

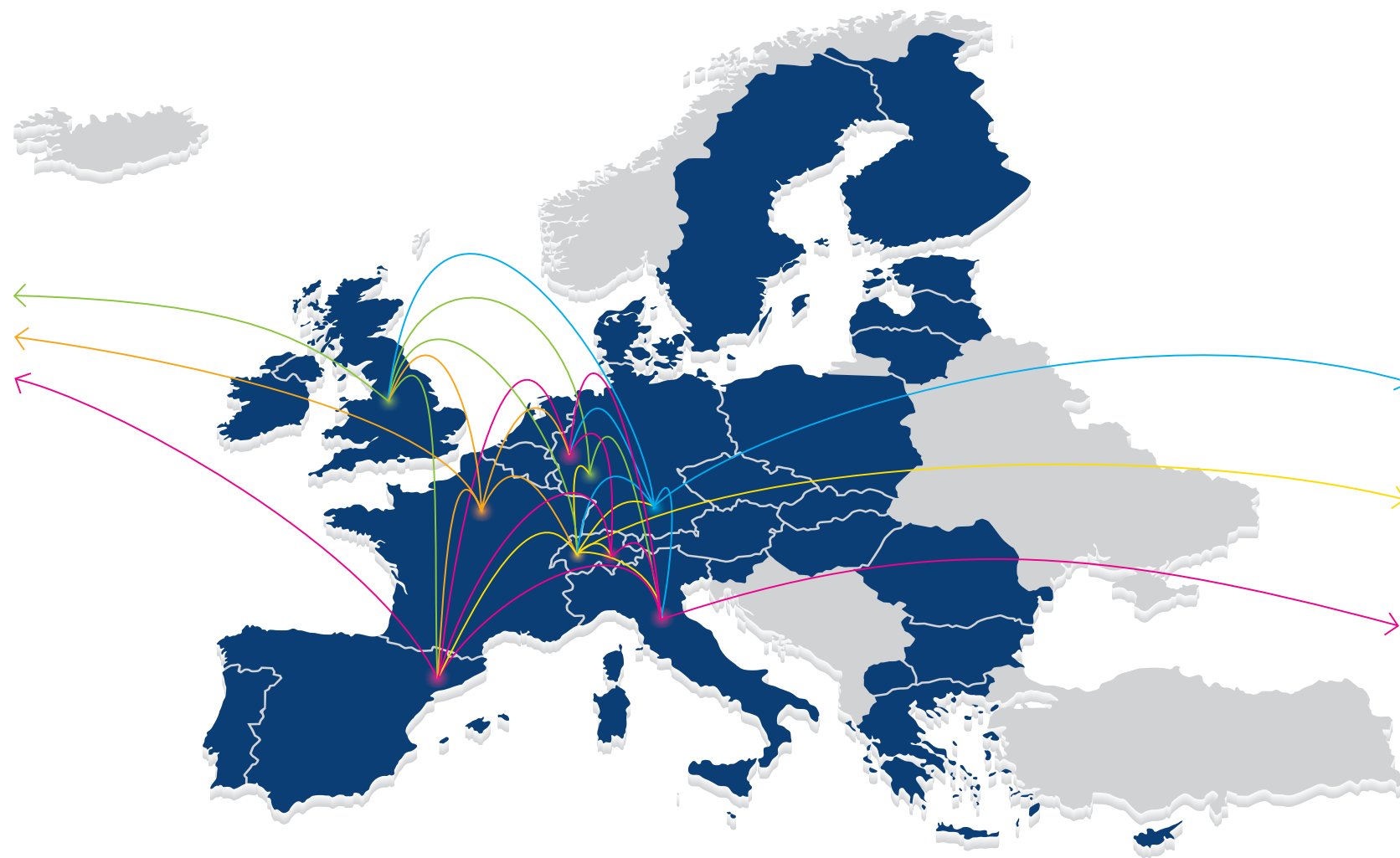


## Six new ICT platforms:

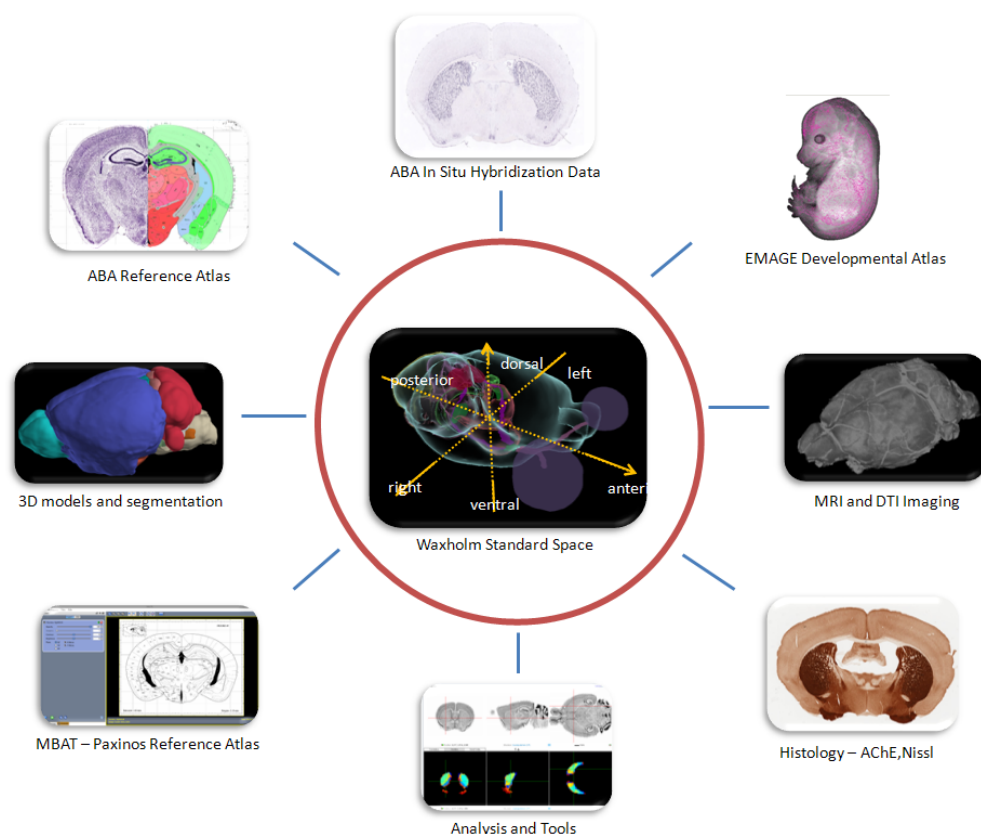
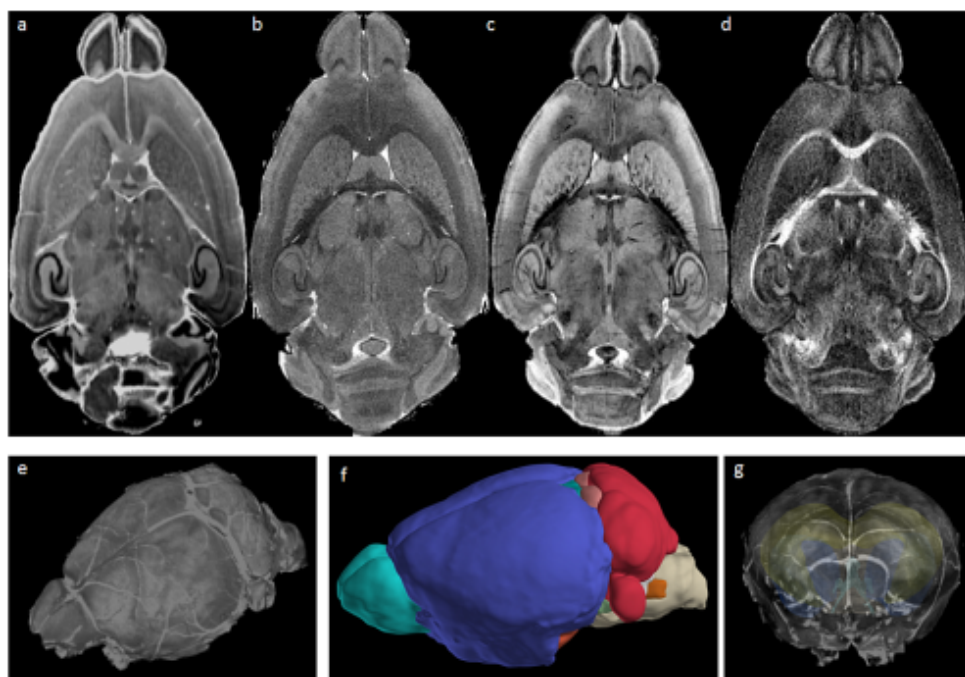
1. **Neuroinformatics**
2. **Brain Simulation**
3. **Medical Informatics**
4. **High Performance Computing**
5. **Neuromorphic Computing**
6. **Neurorobotics**

**For the entire research community.**

An integrated network of ICT platforms of the HBP



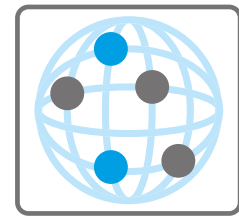




Provide technical capabilities to federate neuroscience data, analyze structural and functional brain data and to build and navigate multi-level brain atlases. This involves:

- spatial and temporal data registration
- ontology development and semantic annotation
- predictive neuroscience
- machine learning, data mining
- track provenance, build workflows.

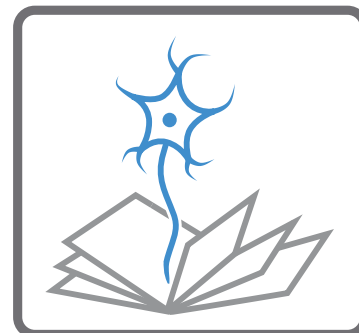
Goal: enable an integrated view of the neuroscience data. Prepare data for modeling pipelines



# DATASPACE

- Don't centralize - federate
- INCF Global datasharing infrastructure
- Federated data management
- Dropbox-like Ease of Use
- Big Data Capabilities
- Robust Infrastructure
- Data Replication Services
- Persistent Identifier Services
- Semantic & Linked Data Annotation Services





## KNOWLEDGE SPACE

- INCF Community encyclopedia
- Living review articles
- Build and maintain working ontologies
- Links to data, models and literature
- Define all vocabulary, terms, protocols, brain structures, diseases, etc
- Semantic organization, search, analysis and integration
- Global directory of all shared vocabularies, CDEs, etc

BASIC	DETAIL	ADVANCED	FACTBOX
Name:	Neocortex pyramidal cell		
Description:	Pyramidal neuron of the cerebral cortex (not including hippocampus or olfactory cortex). The pyramidal cell of the neocortex is located in layers 2-3 and 5-6, has a pyramidal-shaped cell body which gives off a number of laterally-directed basal dendrites and usually a single apical dendrite which ascends to branch and terminate in layer 1; these dendrites are covered in dendritic spines.		
Synonym(s):	Neocortical pyramidal cell, Neocortical pyramidal neuron, Cortical pyramidal neuron, neocortex pyramidal neuron		
Has role:	Principal neuron		
Super-category:	Neuron		
URL:	big pyramidal cell body, regular spiking property		
Id:	sao2128417084		
Defining criteria:	Apical and basal dendrites; soma in layer 5		
Organism:	Mammal		
Link to OWL / RDP:	Download this content as OWL/RDF		

### Soma Specific Properties

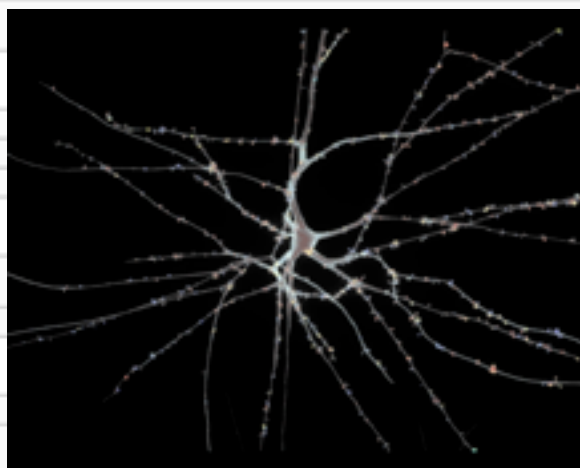
Cell Soma Shape:	Pyramidal
Cell Soma Size:	Large soma
Soma Location:	Neocortex

### Dendrite Specific Properties

Spine density on dendrites:	spiny high density
Branching type:	unipolar

### Axon Specific Properties

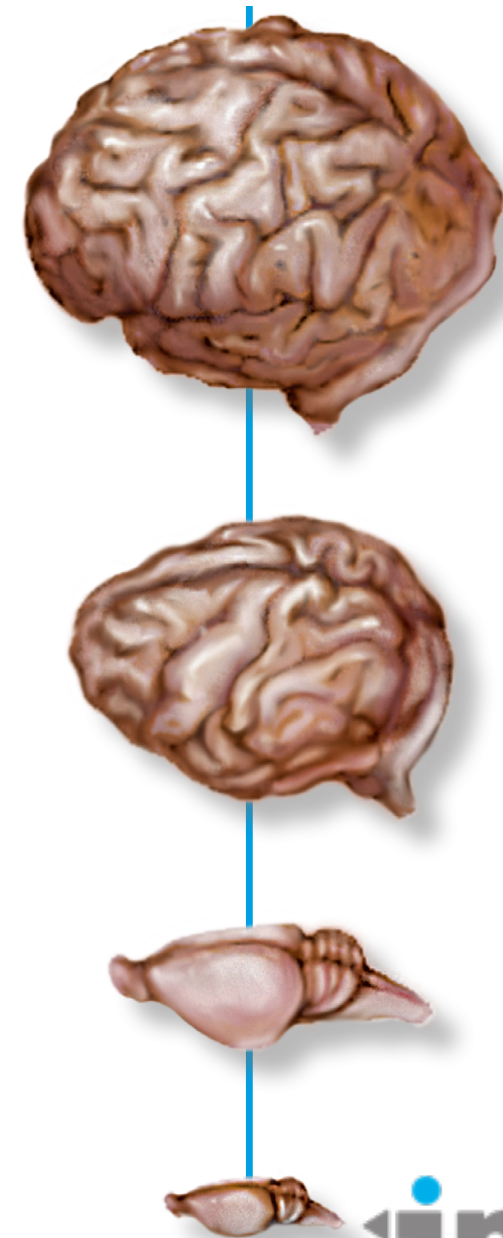
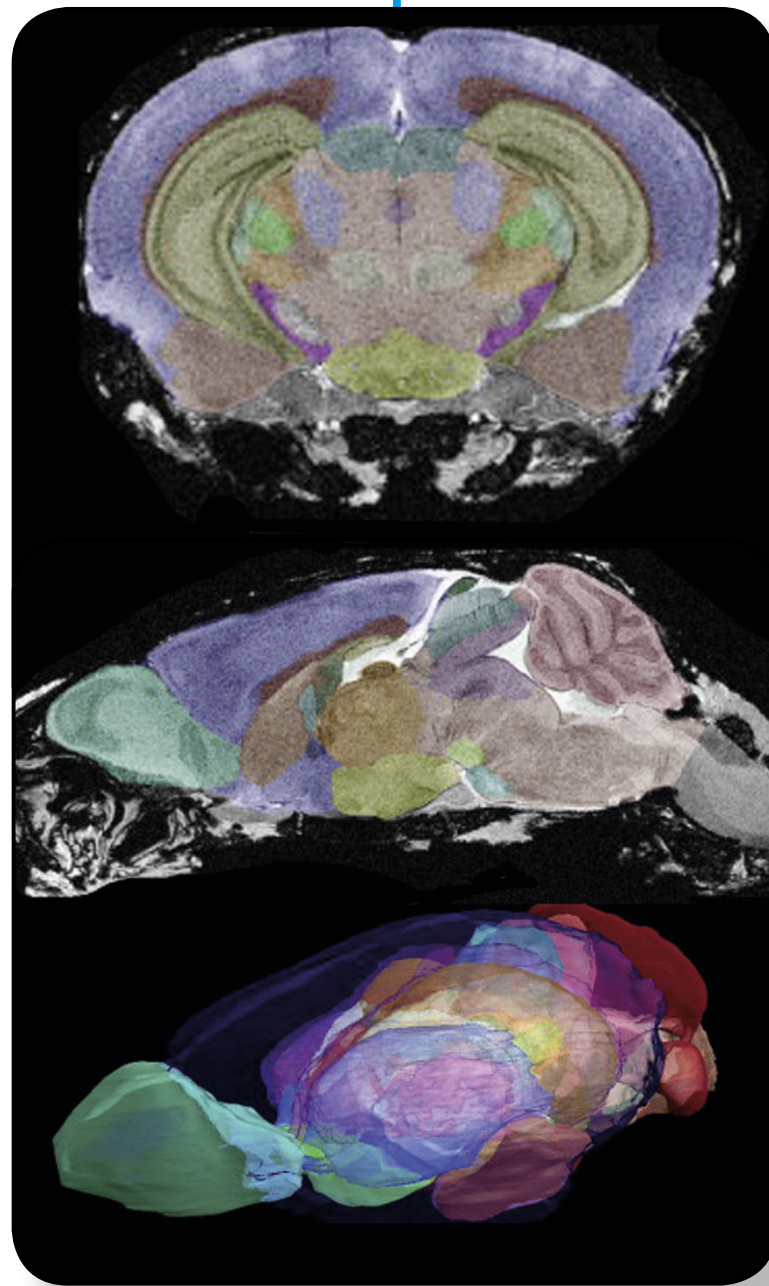
Axon myelination:	myelinated
Axon projection laterality:	ipsilateral
Origin of axon:	soma
Location of distant axon arborization:	spinal cord, superior colliculus, basal pons or the contralateral cortex
Location of local axon arborization:	Neocortex layer 6

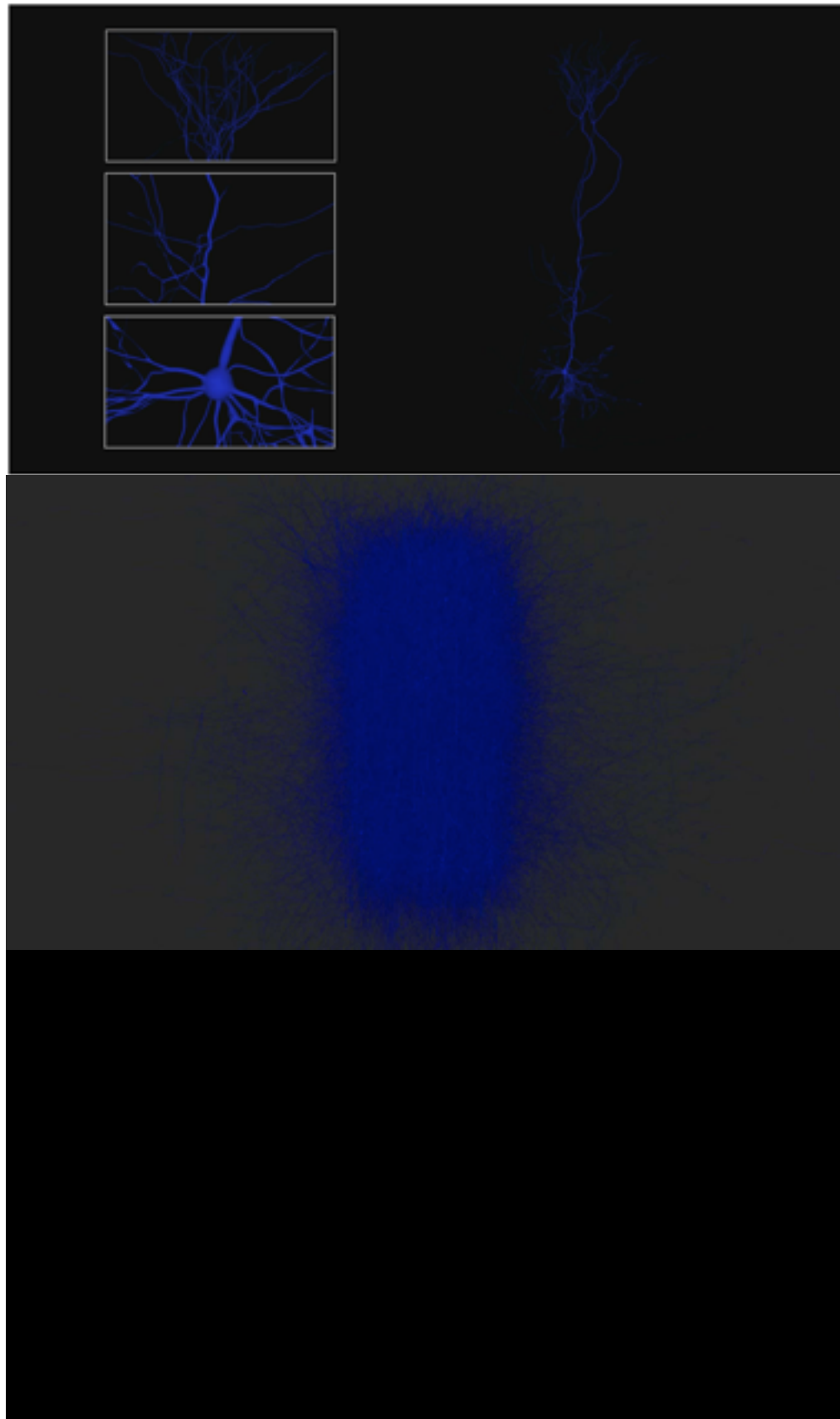


**Atlases - collections of spatially and semantically registered and searchable data, models and literature**

**Highly controlled data for building models**

**Other data for validations**





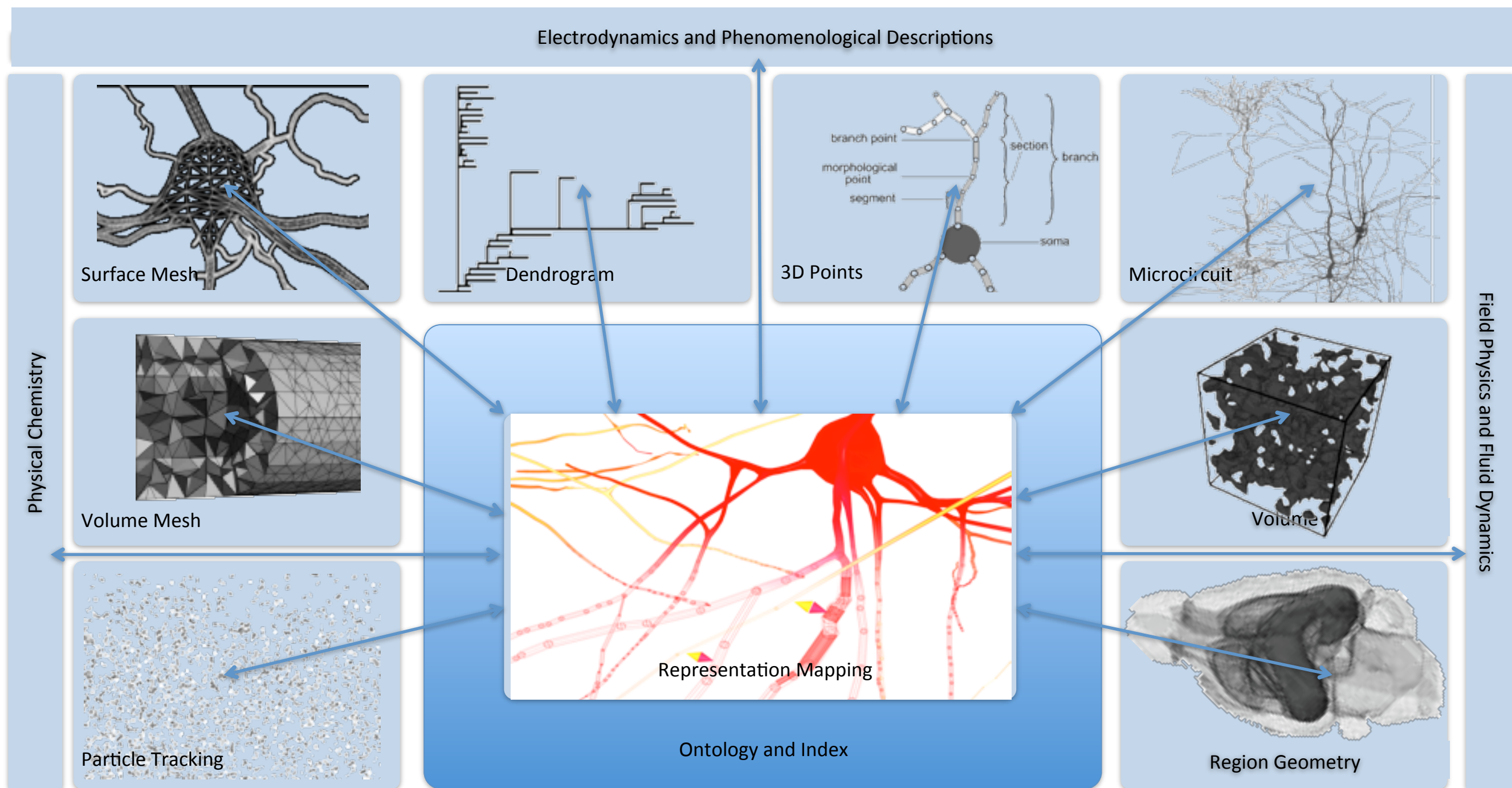
Provide technical capabilities to build and simulate multi-scale brain models at different levels of detail.

- internet portal for neuroscientists
- modeling tools
- workflows
- simulation
- virtual instruments (EM, LFP, fMRI, etc)
- link to virtual body and environment
- in silico experiments

Goal: Integrate large volumes of heterogeneous data in multi-scale models of the mouse and human brains, and to simulate their dynamics.

Enable neuroscientists to ask new questions and prioritize experiments.





## Multi-scale

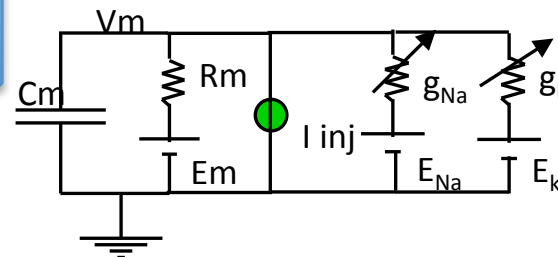
- Point neuron, e.g. Izhikevich

$$v' = 0.04v^2 + 5v + 140 - u + I$$

$$u' = a(bv - u)$$

if  $v = 30$  mV,  
then  $v \leftarrow c, u \leftarrow u + d$

### Single Compartment HH model



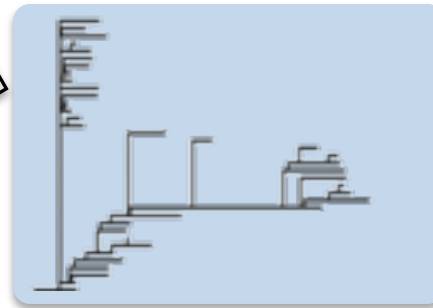
$$\frac{C_m dV_m}{dt} = \frac{E_m - V_m}{R_m} + I_{channels}$$

$$\frac{dm}{dt} = \alpha_m(V_m)(1 - m) - \beta_m(V_m)m$$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = \alpha_h(V_m)(1 - h) - \beta_h(V_m)h$$

$$I_{channel} = m^n h g_{channel} (V_m - E_{channel})$$

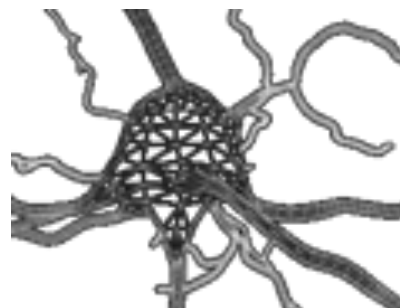
### Multi Compartment HH model



$$\frac{C_m dV_m}{dt} = \frac{E_m - V_m}{R_m} + I_{channels}$$

$$+ \frac{2(V_{m_{i+1}} - V_{m_i})}{R_{a_{i+1}} + R_a} + \frac{2(V_{m_{i-1}} - V_{m_i})}{R_{a_{i-1}} + R_a}$$

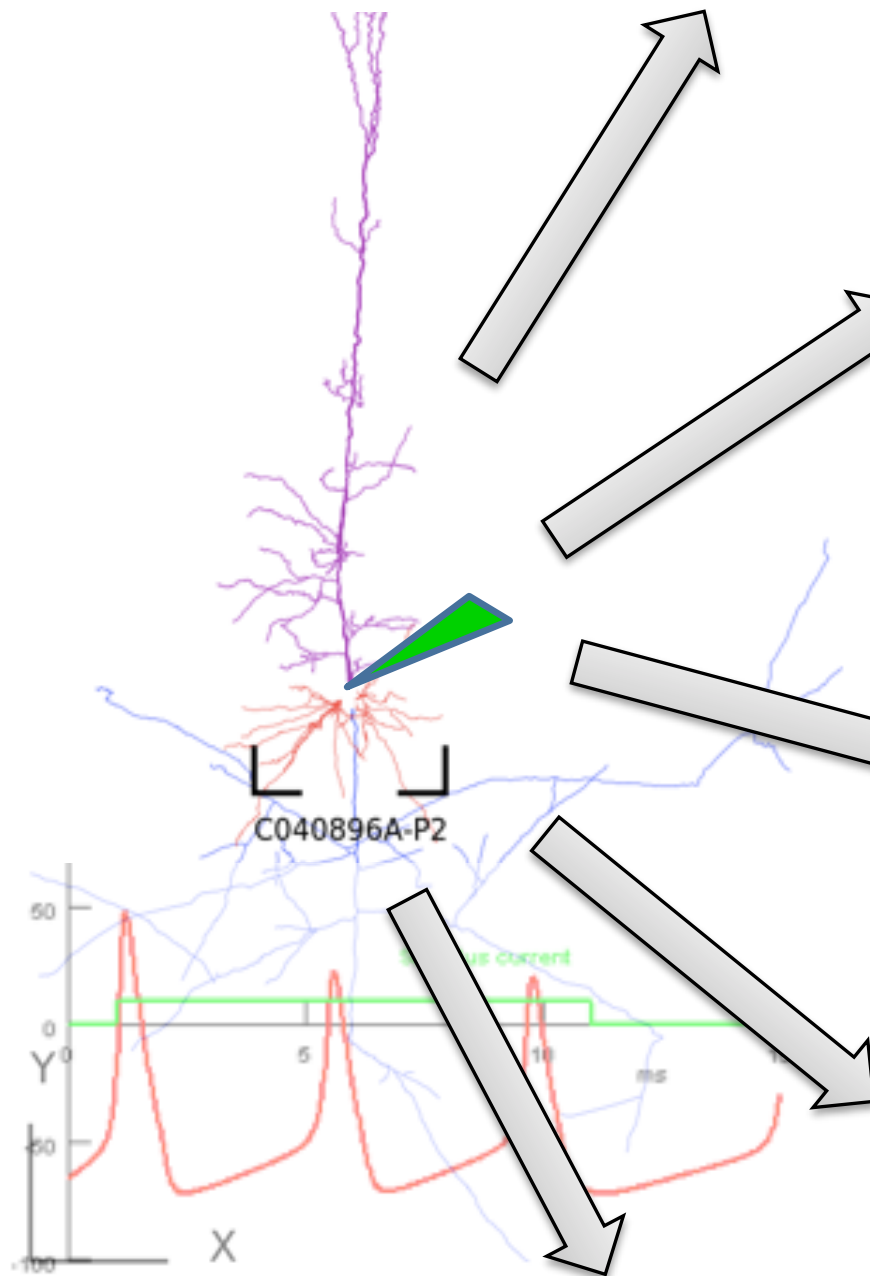
### Reaction-Diffusion model



$$\dot{p}(\mathbf{x}; t) = -p(\mathbf{x}; t) \sum_{\mu=1}^M a_{\mu}(\mathbf{x}) +$$

$$\sum_{\mu=1}^M p(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{s}_{\mu}; t) a_{\mu}(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{s}_{\mu})$$

### Coarse-Graining/MD



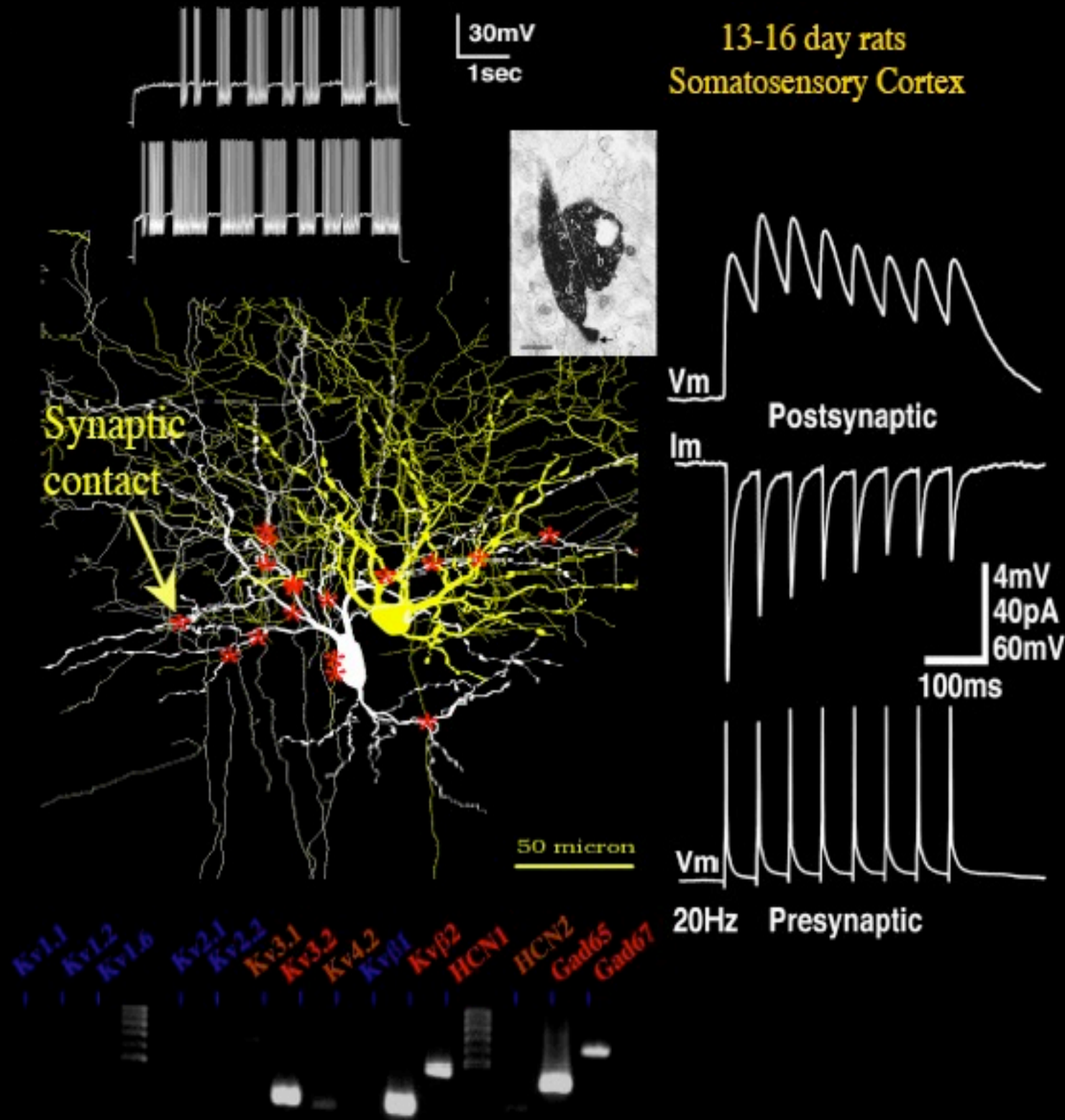
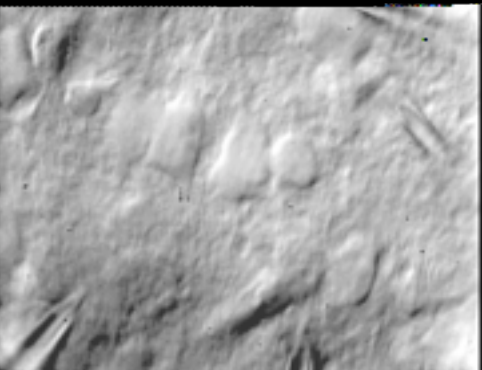
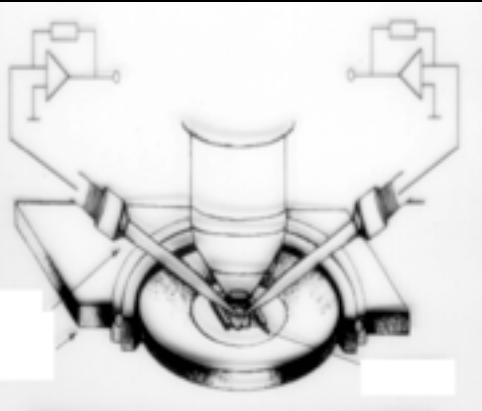
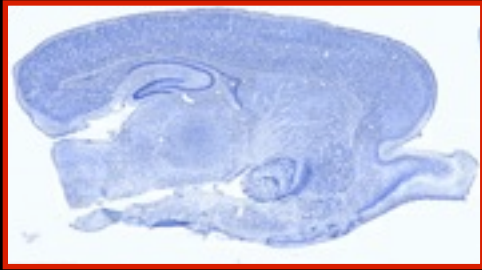




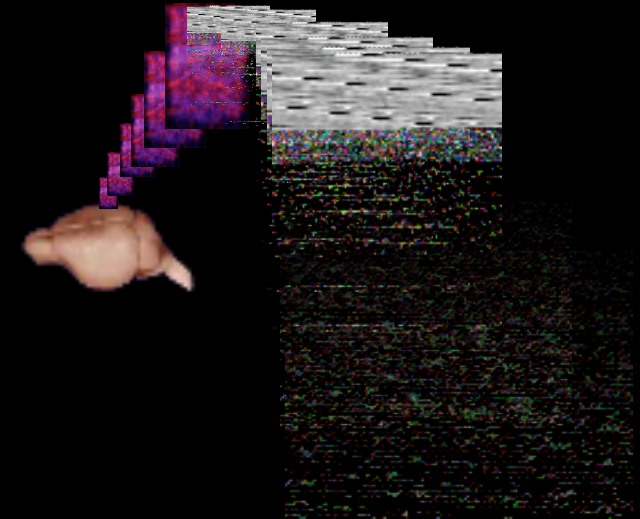
# HBP

The Human Brain Project

## Integration of laboratory data



S1L1 Neocortical  
Microcircuit  
30'000 neurons



Gene profiles

Protein profiles

Electrical profiles

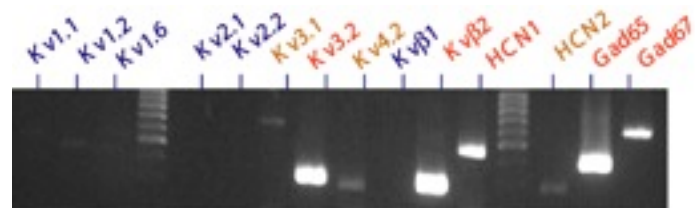
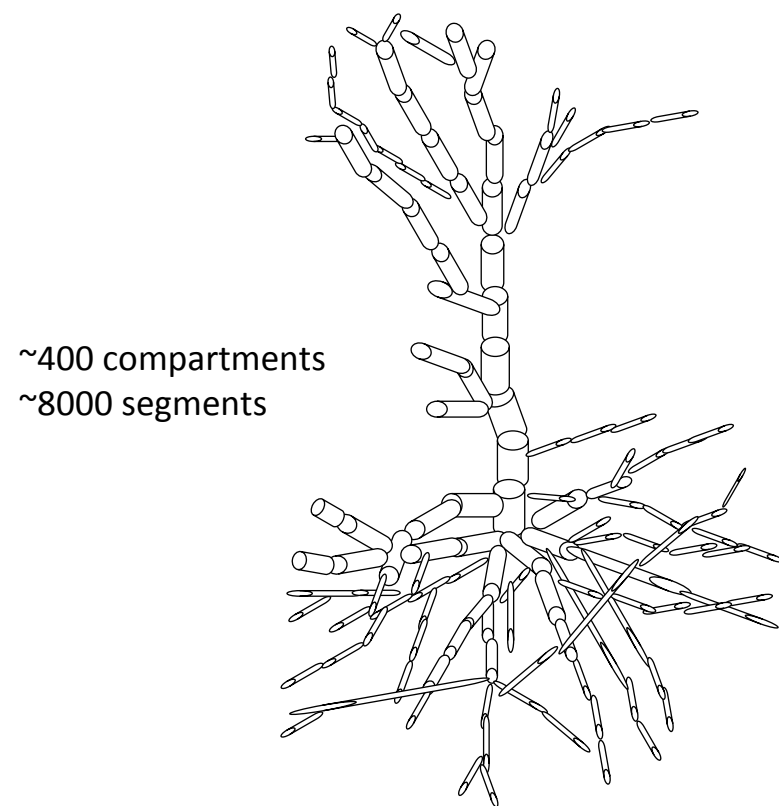
Morphology profiles

Synaptic profiles

Connectivity profiles

Circuit profiles

# Automatically building neuron models



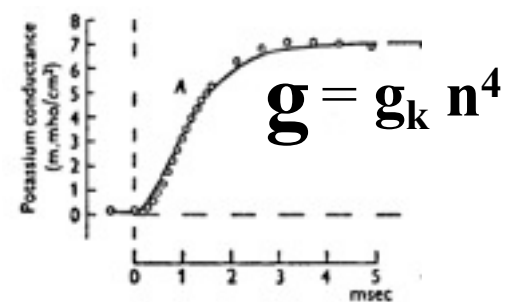
single cell rtPCR gene expression profile

## Composition

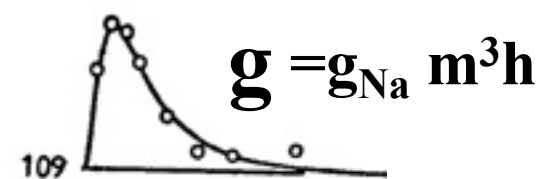
- Single cell RT-PCR
- ISH expression distribution
- literature

## Distribution

- Staining, Literature, Assumed
- Given Somatic Distance Function
- Fitted within given tolerance



Non Inactivating K Channel



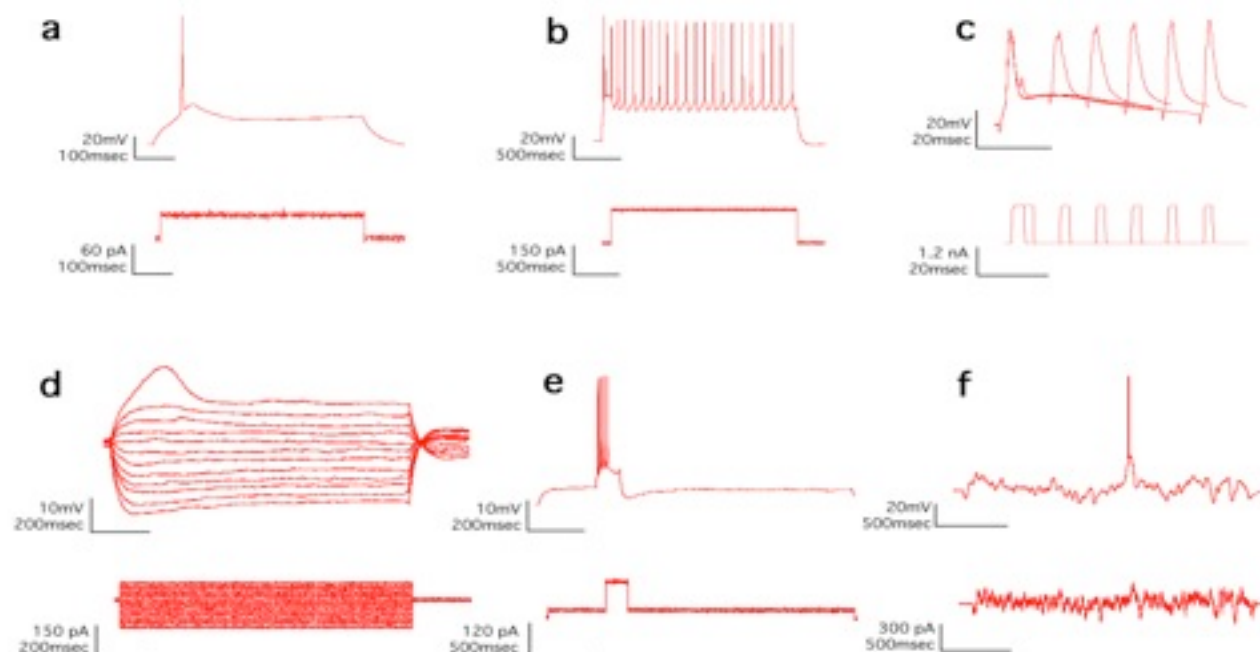
Inactivating Na Channel

## Ion Channels

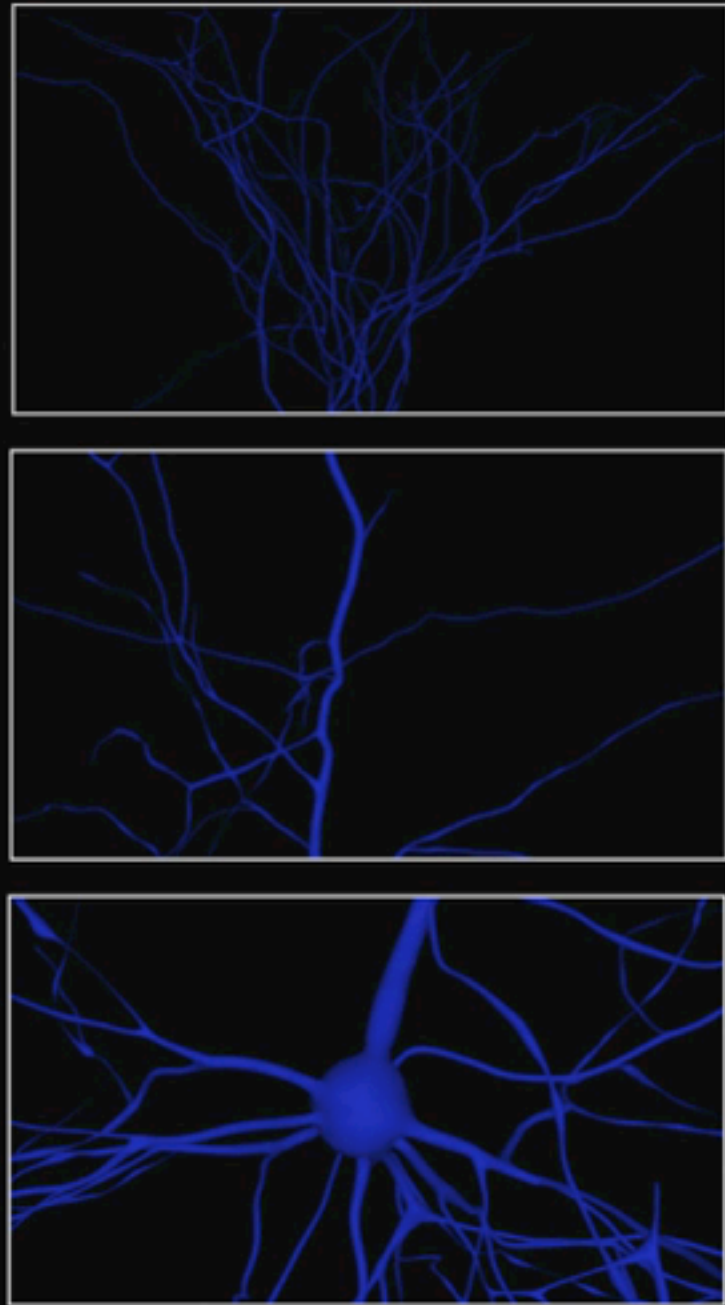
1. Na<sub>p</sub>, Fast Na<sup>+</sup>
2. Na<sub>t</sub>, Persistent Na<sup>+</sup>
3. K<sub>fast</sub>, Delayed Rectifier K<sup>+</sup>
4. K<sub>slow</sub>, Slow K<sup>+</sup>
5. K<sub>t</sub>, Transient K<sup>+</sup>
6. LVA Ca<sup>2+</sup>
7. HVA Ca<sup>2+</sup>
8. I<sub>h</sub>, H-Current
9. I<sub>m</sub>, M-Current
10. BK, Large g, Ca<sup>2+</sup> activated K<sup>+</sup>
11. SK, Small g, Ca<sup>2+</sup> activated K<sup>+</sup>
12. Leak Current

## Relative Density

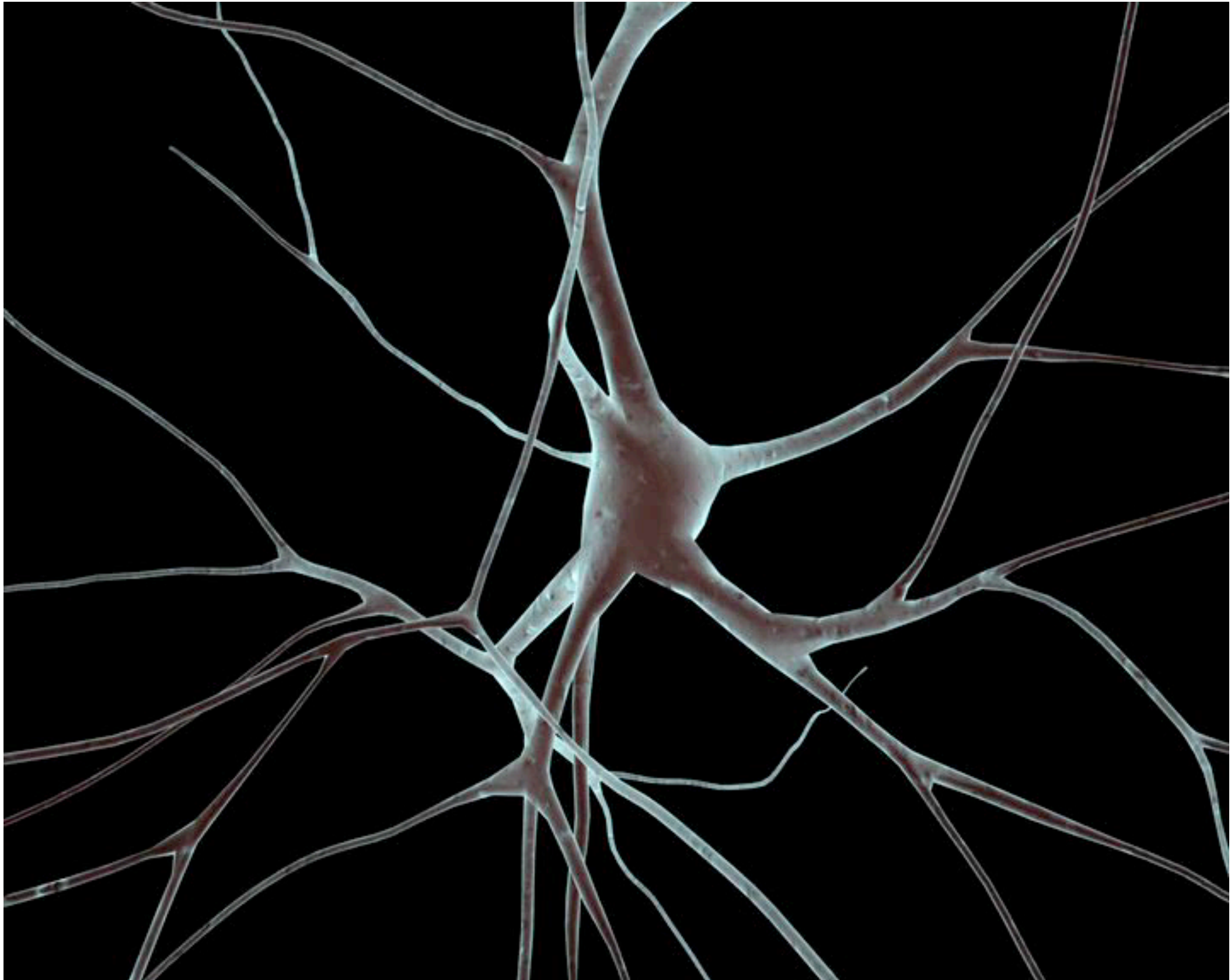
- Data constrained
- Generic algorithm



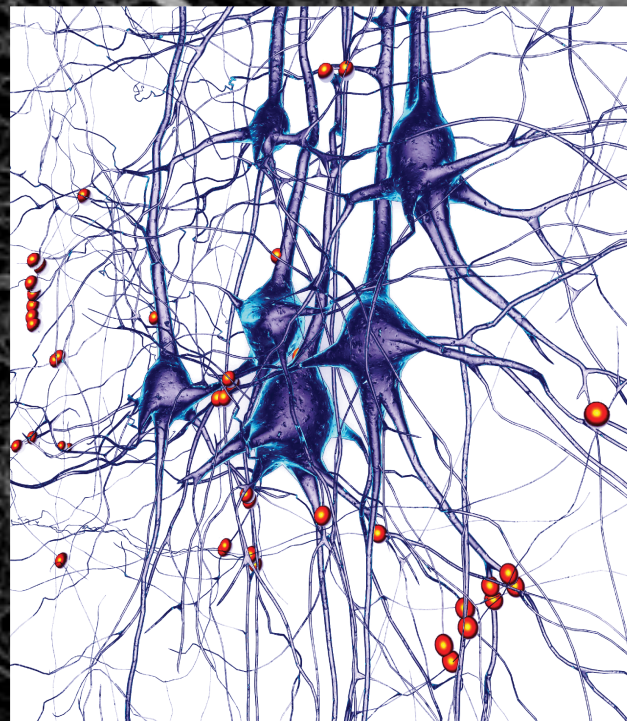
## Data-driven biophysical single cell models





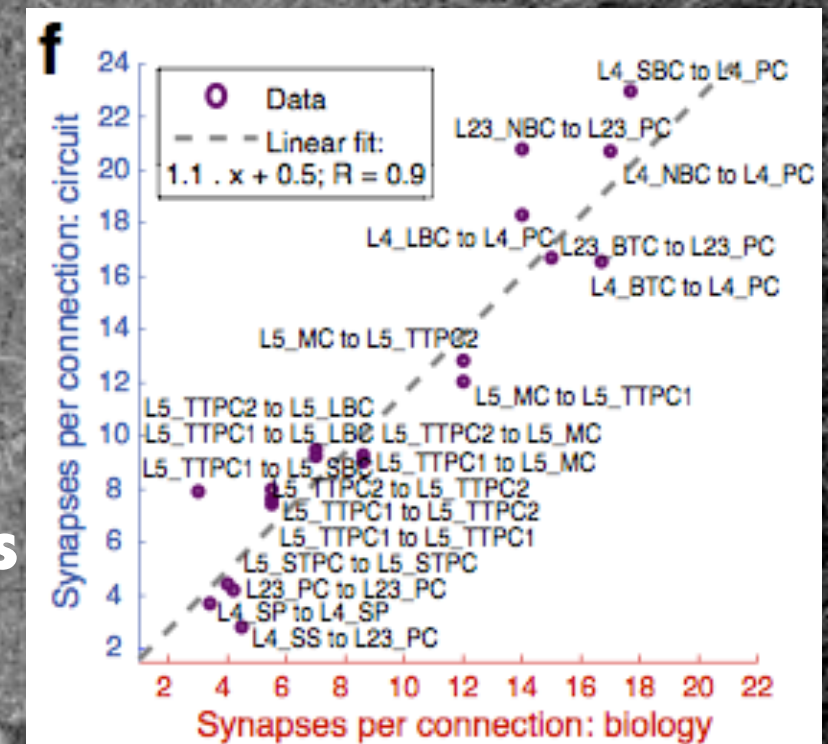




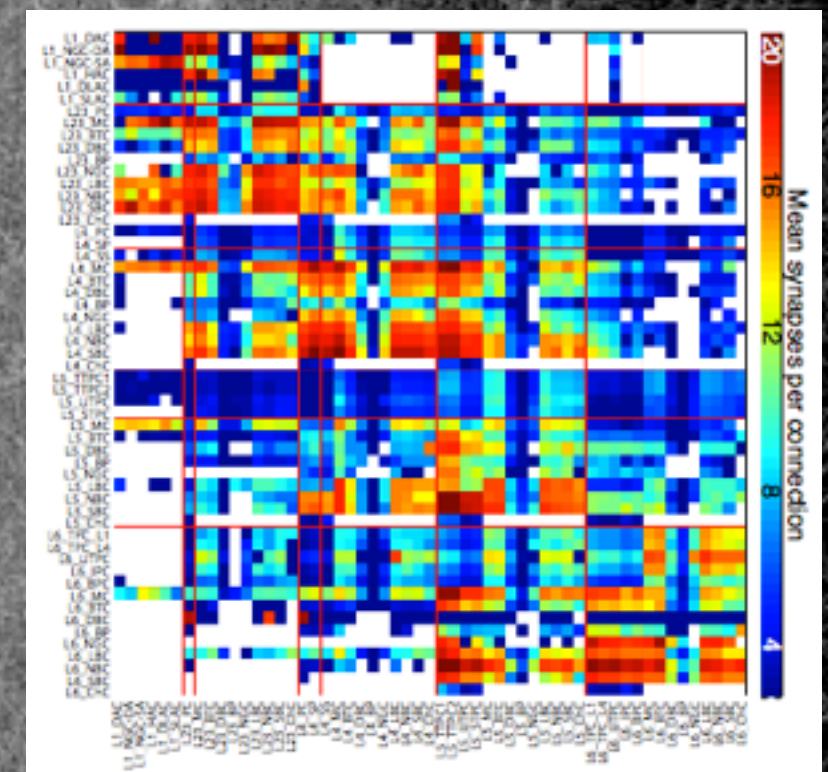
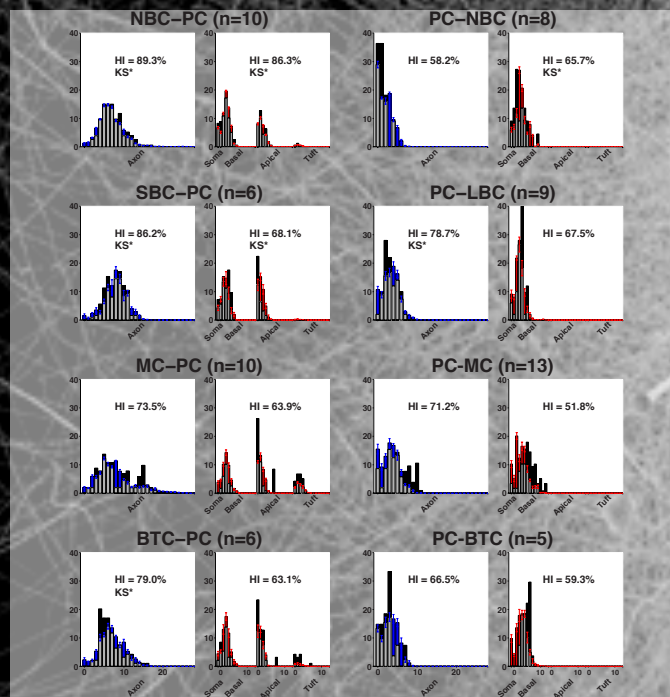


**2,970 possible synaptic pathways  
in a cortical microcircuit alone.**

**22 have been characterized.**

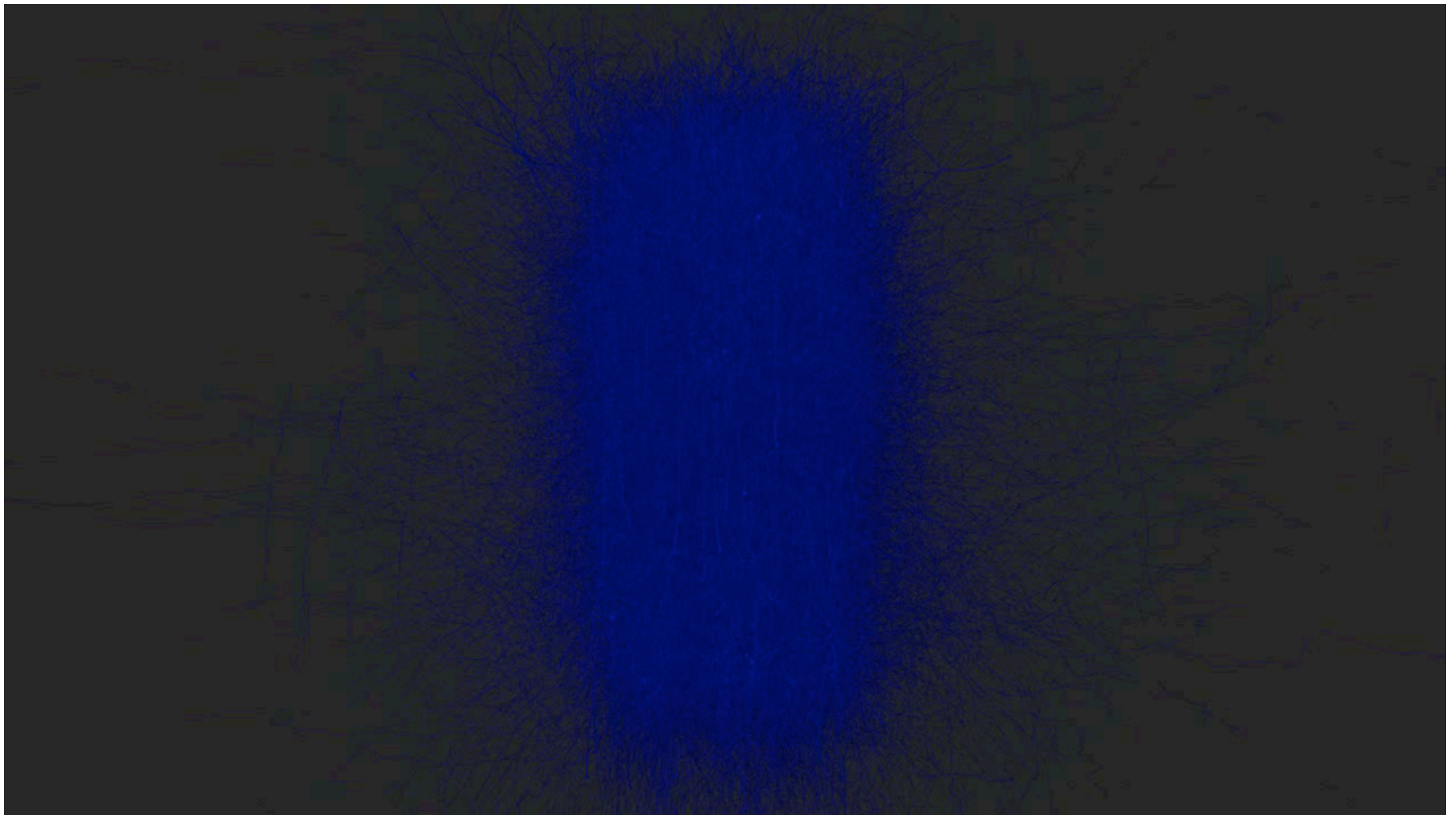


**Can we identify principles  
to predict the rest?**

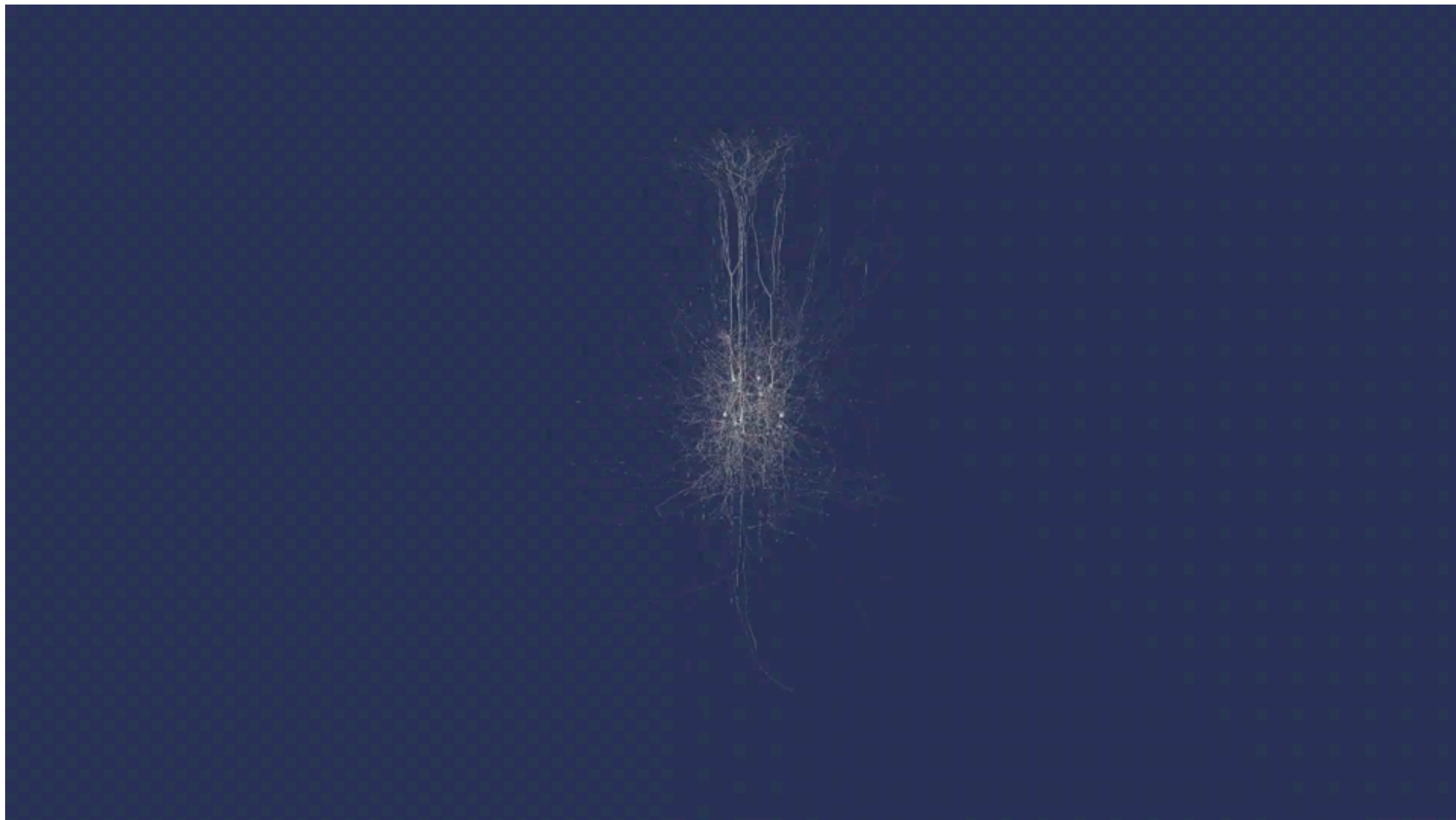




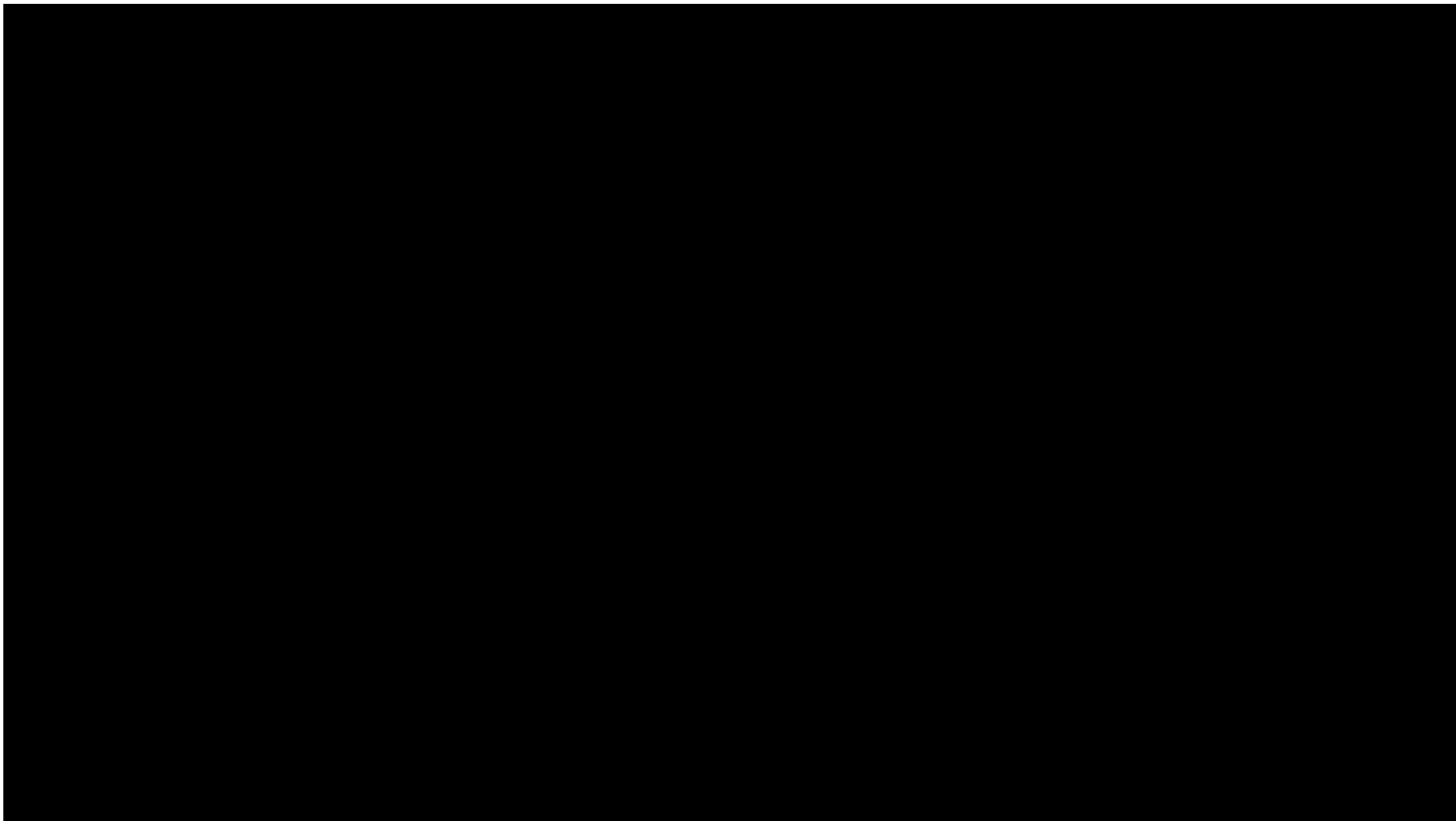
## Cortical microcircuitry



## Cortical microcircuitry and local field potential



Simulated in vitro cortical slice preparations



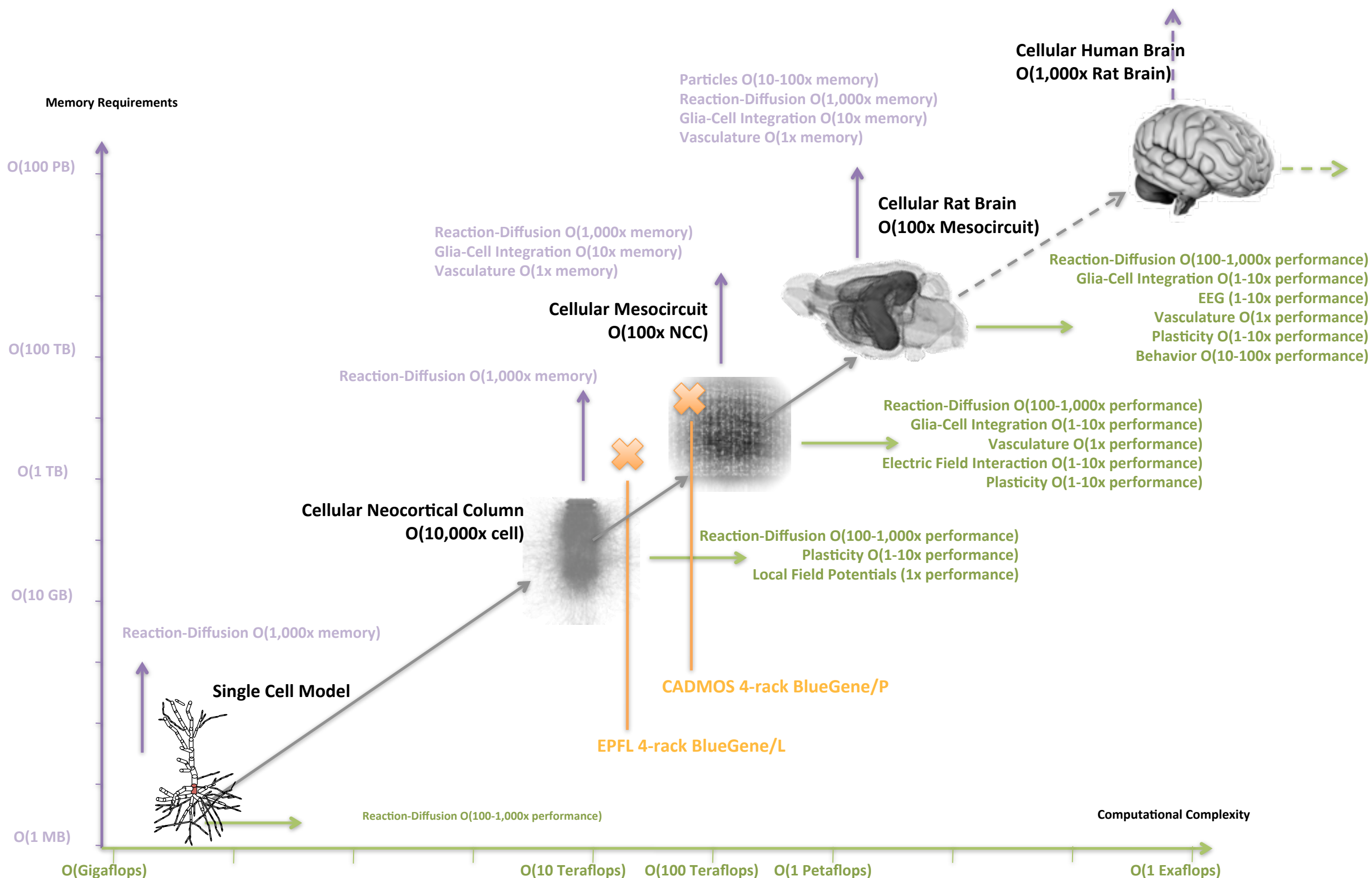


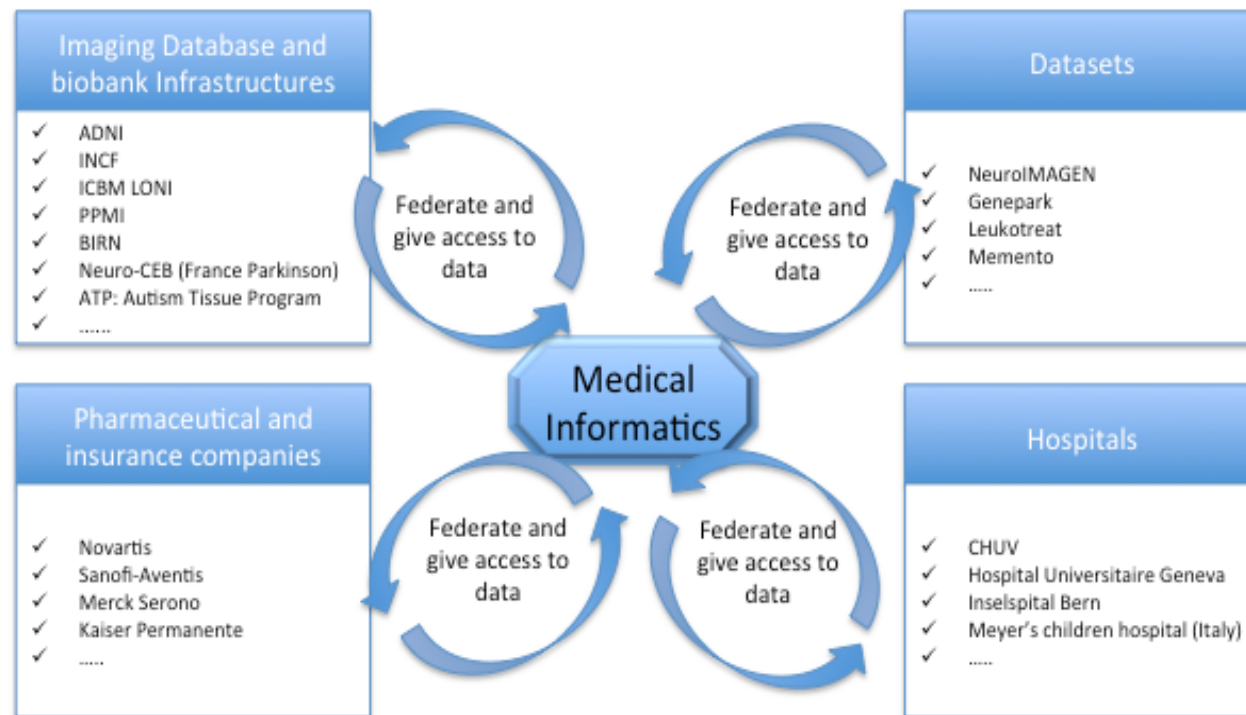


Provide the project and the community with:

- The computing power necessary to build and simulate models of the brain.
- Develop new supercomputing technology, up to the exascale
- Drive new capabilities for interactive computing and visualization.

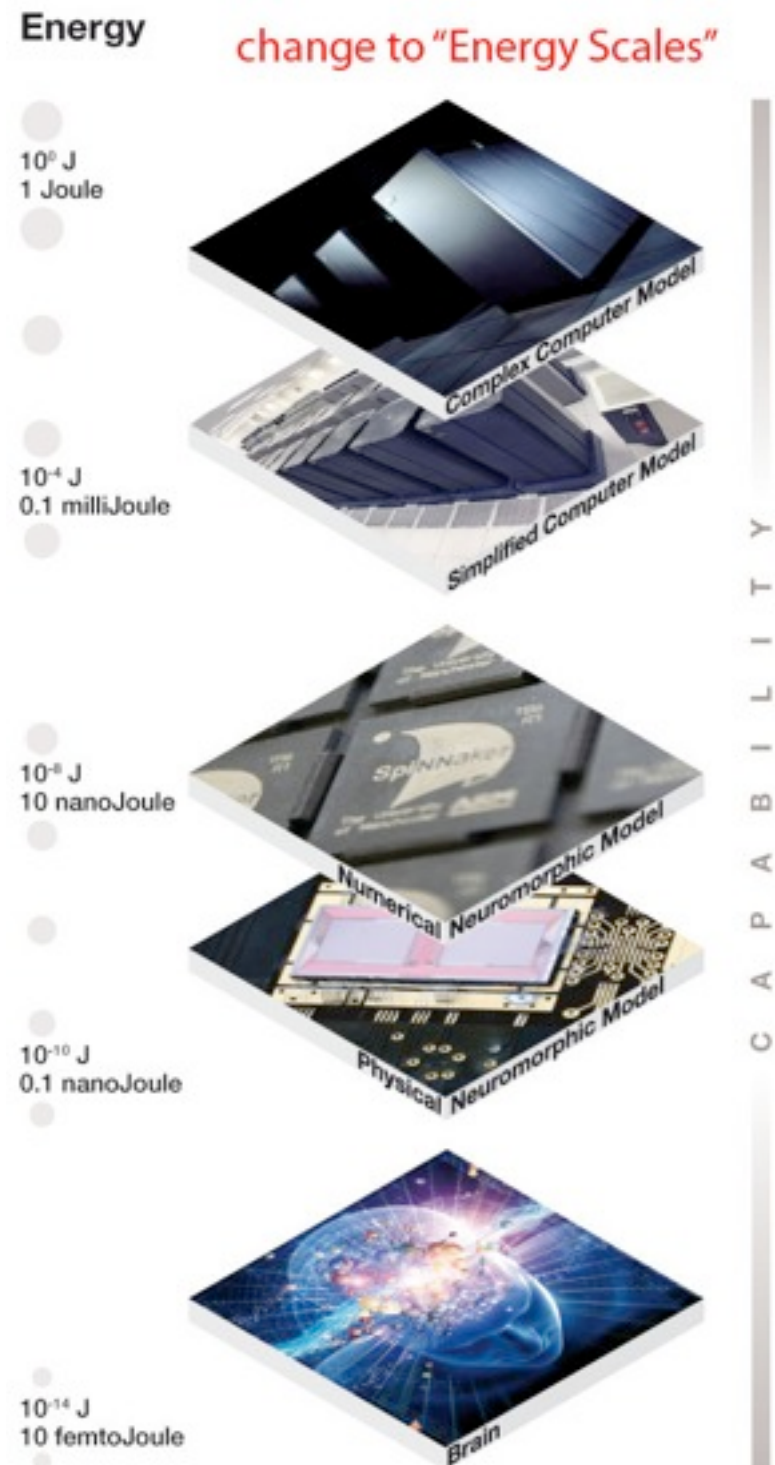




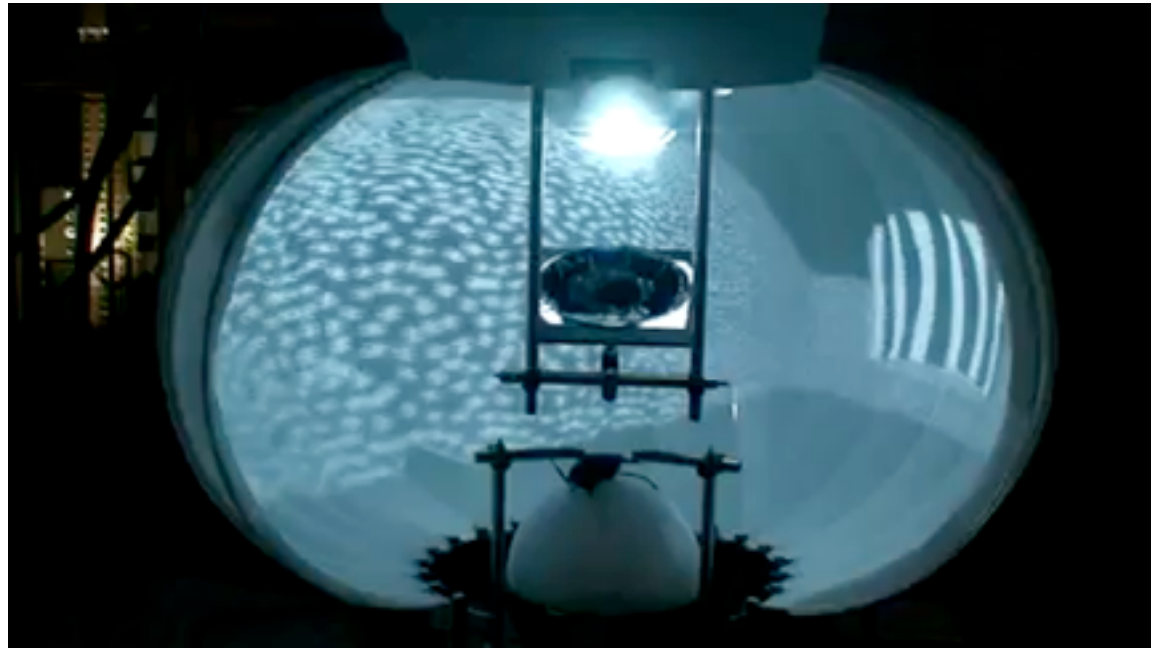


- Federate clinical data from hospital archives and proprietary databases, while providing strong protection for patient data.
- Enable researchers to identify “biological signatures” of diseases.
- Develop new approaches to understanding the causes of disease and identifying effective treatments

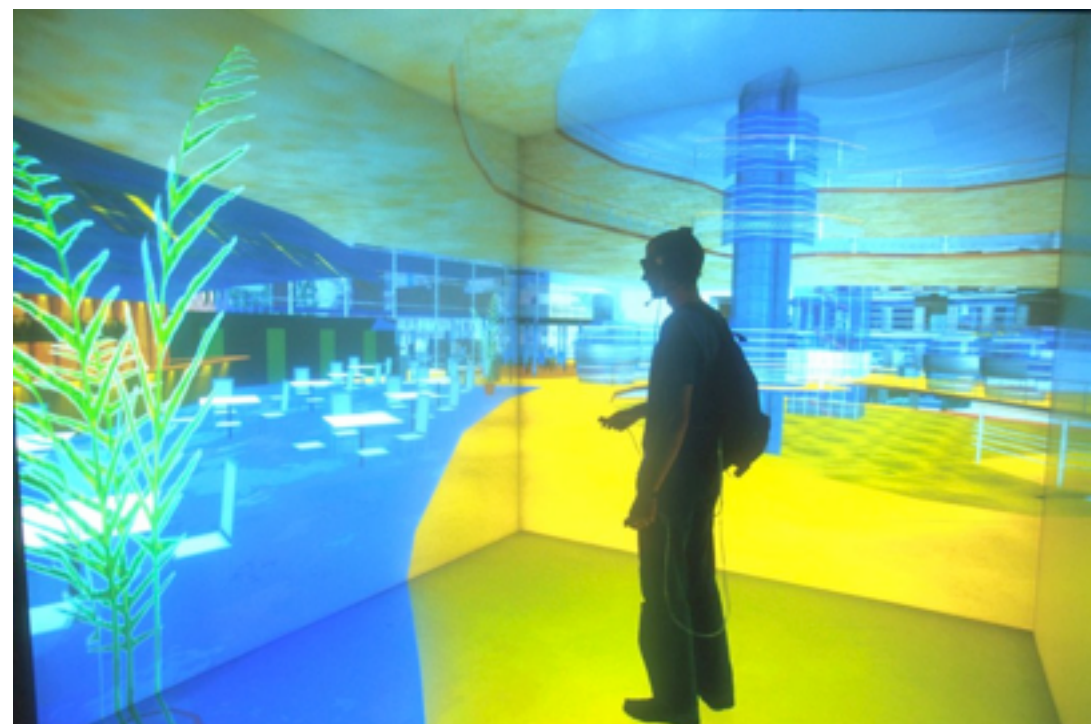




Simulate models on low power chips. Build off of BrainScaleS and Spinnaker projects to provide ability to run large-scale simulations at or beyond real time with low power consumption.

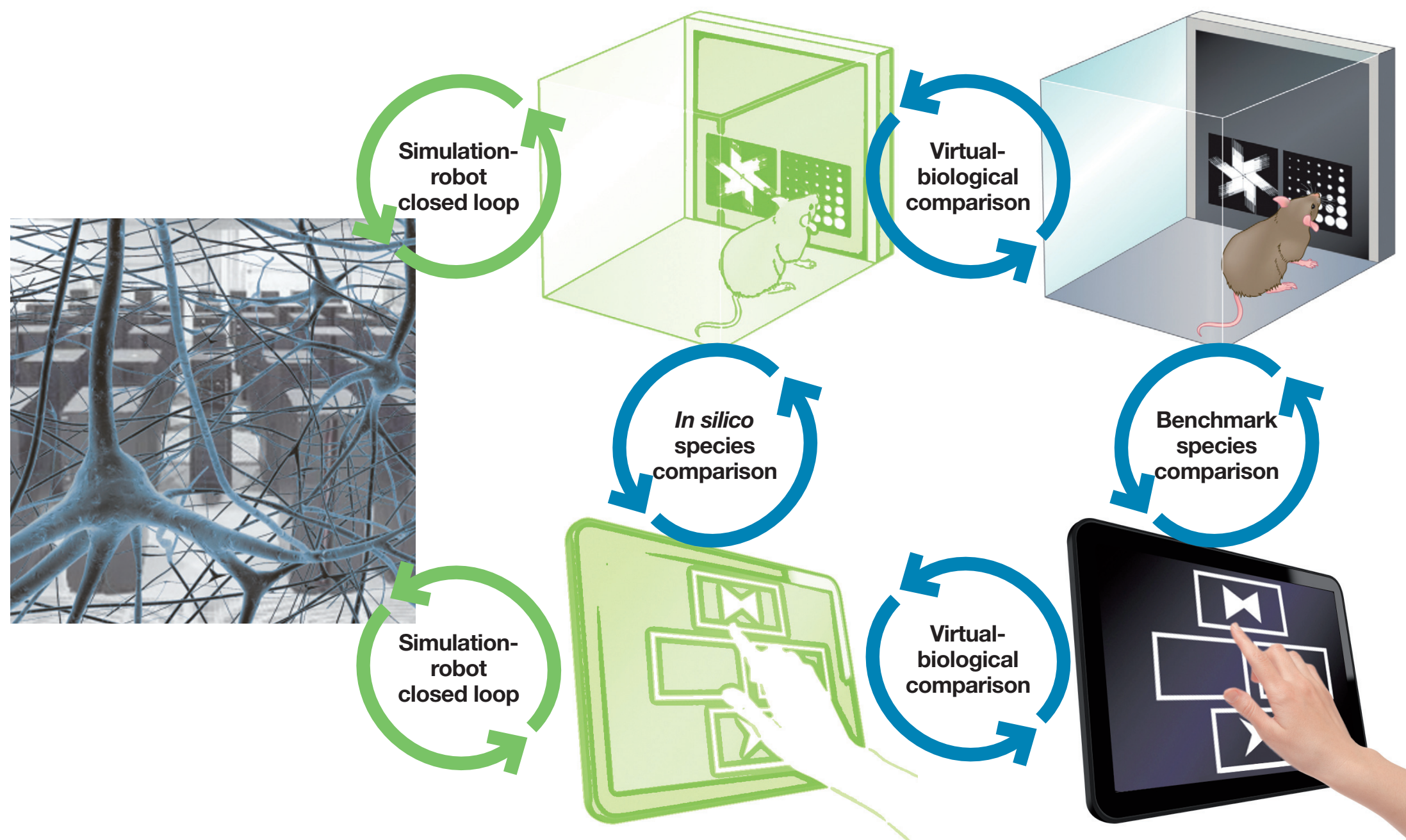


Virtual bodies, sensory input and environments to couple with the simulations. This platform is key to providing sensory input to the simulations and depicting the motor outputs.



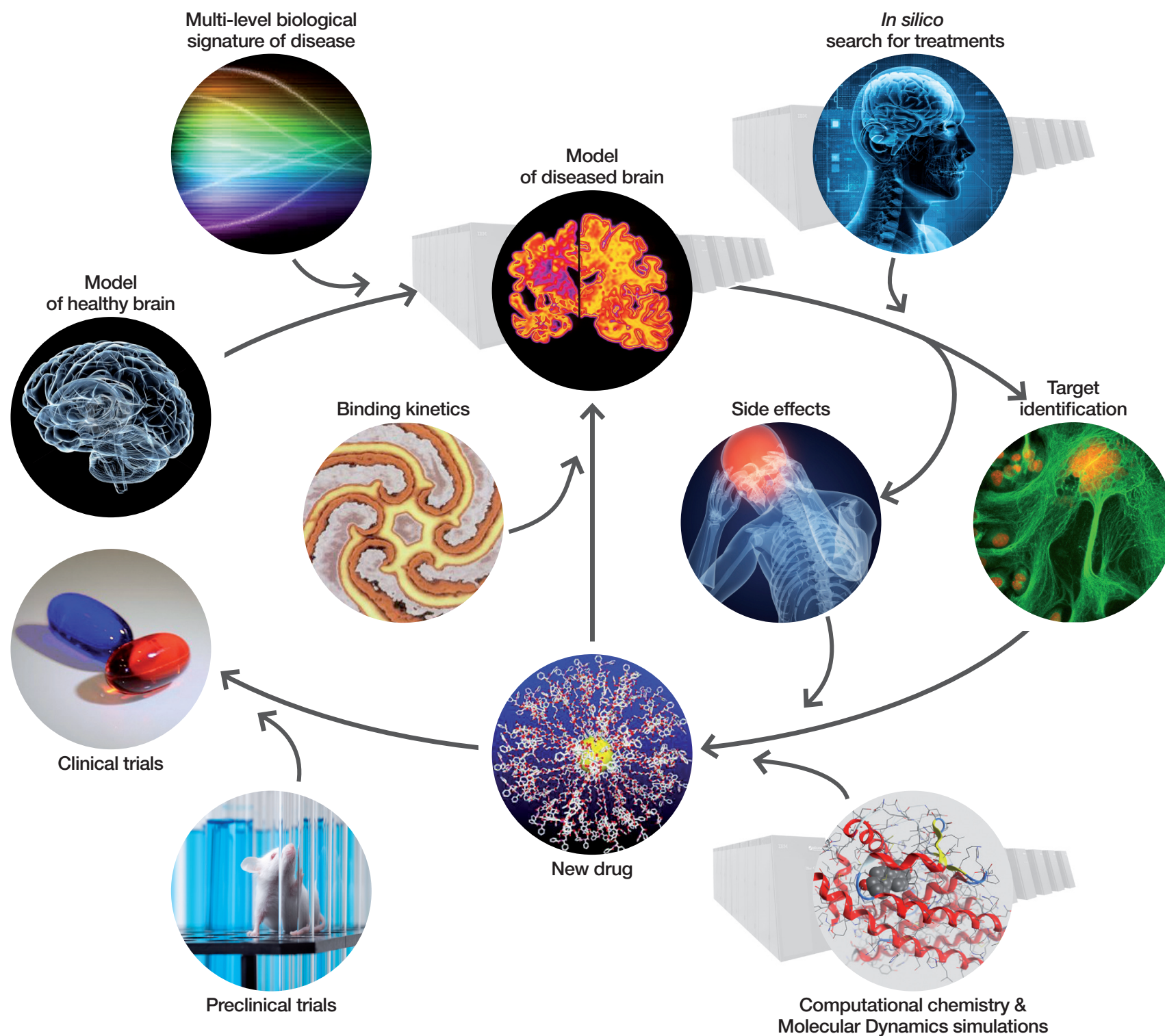


## Use Case 1: Tracing causal mechanisms of cognition

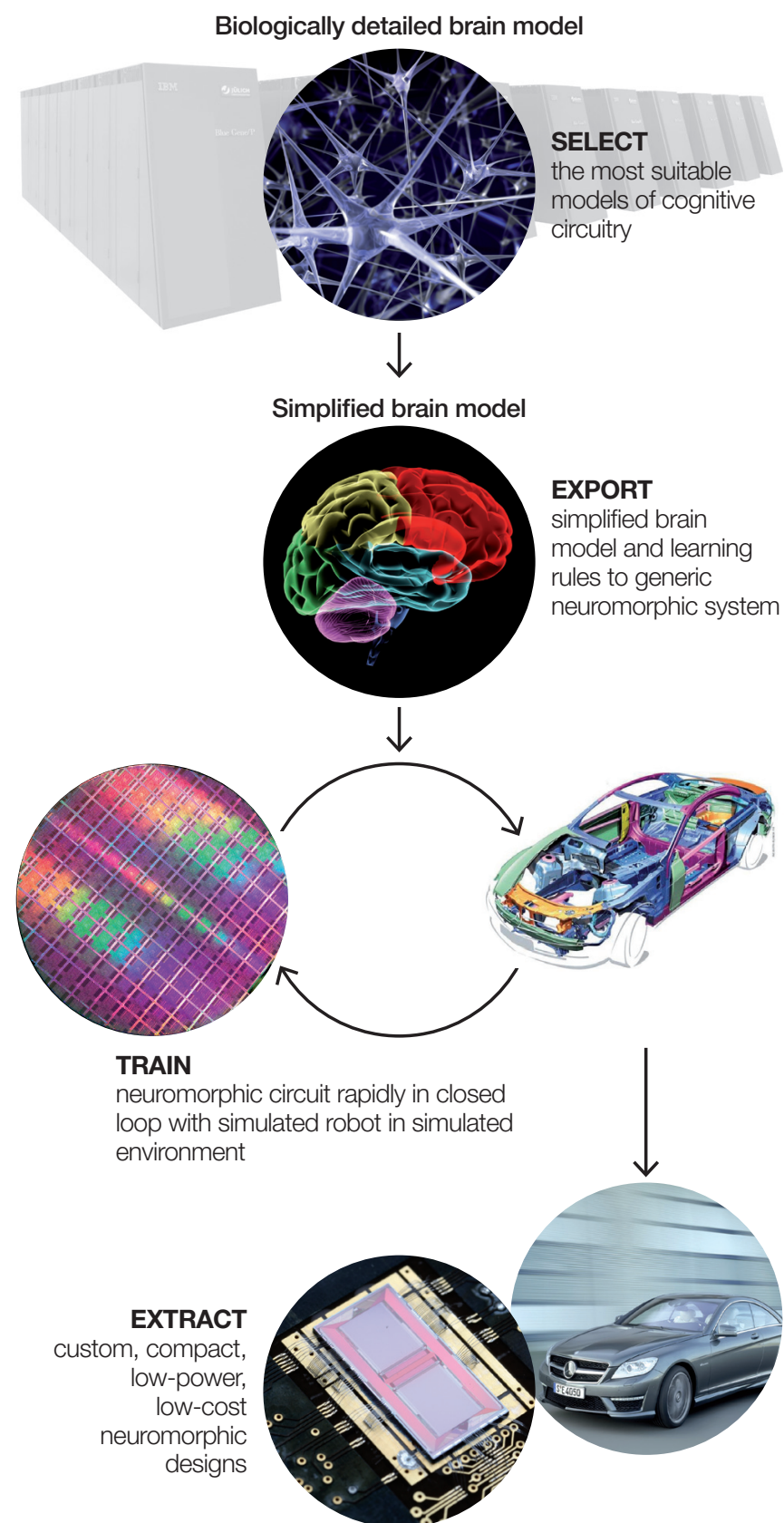




## Use Case 2: Developing new drugs for brain disorders

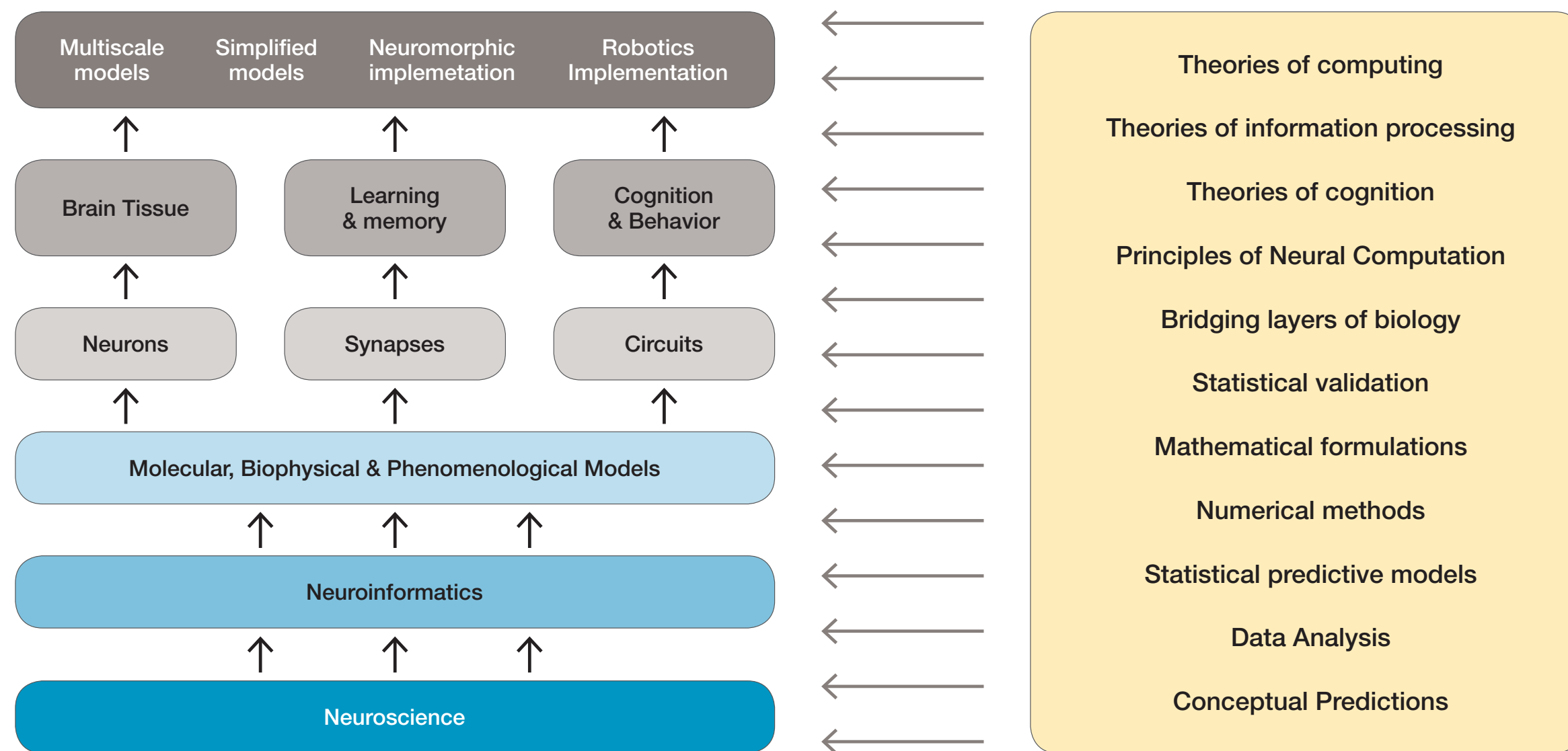


# Applications: Developing neuromorphic controllers



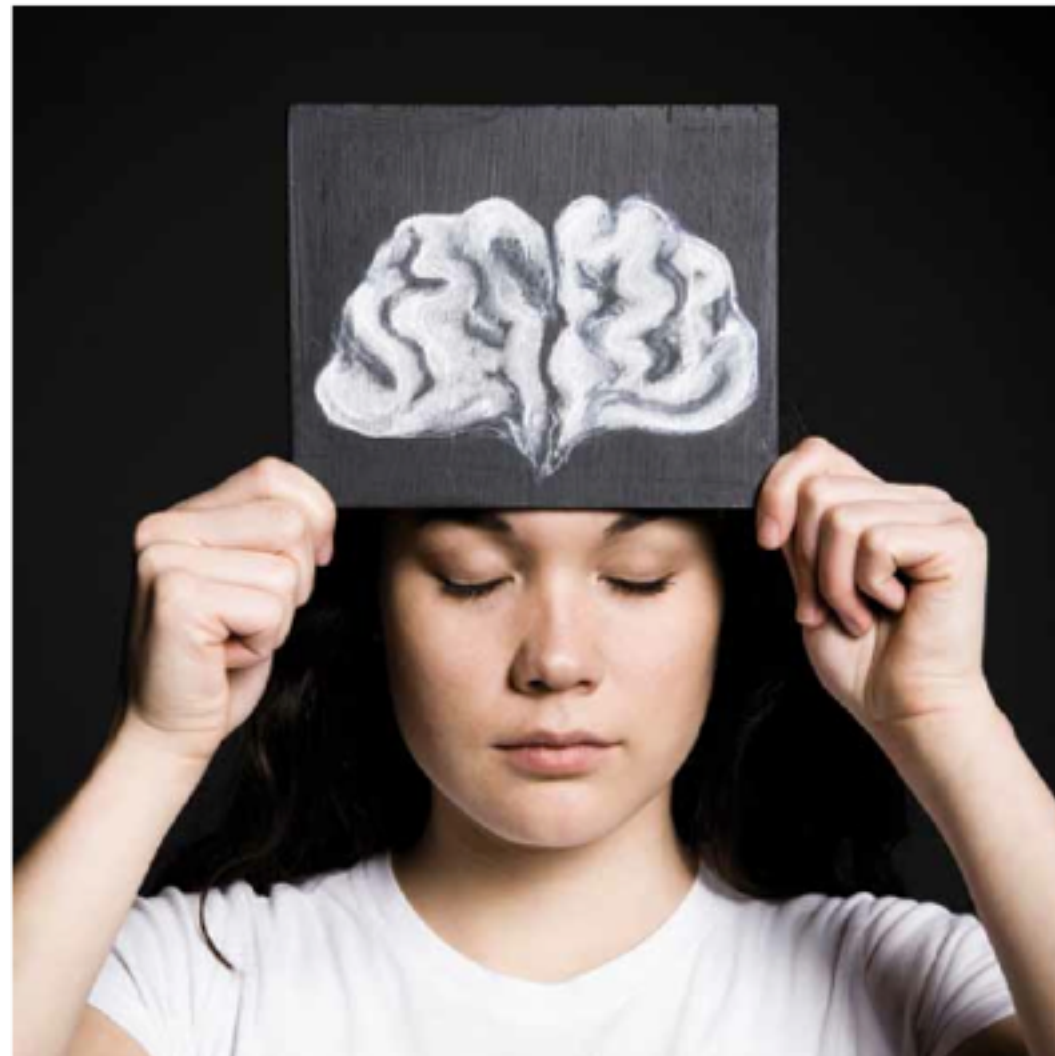
Theory enables effective application of knowledge about the brain to medicine or computing.

## The Integrative Role of Theory in the HBP





“A far-reaching Society and Ethics program, funding academic research into the potential social and economic impact of HBP research, and its ethical and conceptual implications...”



...managing programs to raise ethical and social awareness among HBP researchers, and, above all, encouraging an intense dialog with stakeholders and with civil society.”



~20% of funding (~200M€) allocated to open calls

### **HBP open calls**

Point of entry for individual researchers

[HBP Advanced Research Grants](#) for internationally recognised senior researchers

[HBP Young Investigator Grants](#) for advanced postdoctoral researchers

[HBP Post-Doctoral Fellowships](#) for entry into independent research

[HBP Studentships](#) for mobility, exchange and interdisciplinary training

### **ERANET+**

Point of entry for European research groups

[Three-year research grants](#) jointly financed by the EU and the Member States awarded to research groups with proven competence to contribute to

- data generation
- platform building
- research using the platforms

in the areas of expertise covered by HBP divisions



# The Initial HBP Consortium

For more information and  
a full list of leaders, partners  
and collaborators

please visit:

**[www.humanbrainproject.eu](http://www.humanbrainproject.eu)**

